FÉDÉRATION INTERNATIONALE DE GYMNASTIQUE



2022 – 2024 CODE OF POINTS



Aerobic Gymnastics

Approved by the FIG Executive Committee

May 2022

This Code of Points should be approved by the FIG Executive Committee to use from 1 st January 2022.				
Please note that this Code of Points, which also contains some technical aspects, should be read in conjunction with the current valid FIG Statutes and Technical Regulations. In cases of contradiction between the Code of Points and the Technical Regulations, the Technical Regulations prevails.				
The English version is the official text				
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INTRODUCTION OF THE FIG CODE OF POINTS OF AEROBIC GYMNASTICS – 15th Cycle 2022 – 2024

By Tammy Yagi-Kitagawa, President FIG Aerobic Gymnastics Technical Committee

The FIG Aerobic Gymnastics Technical Committee is pleased to provide this Code of Points 2022/2024 to the FIG EC and the FIG Members Federations, proposed for implementation January 1st, 2022.

The Code of Points has taken into account suggestions made by The FIG Authorities The FIG Continental Unions Aerobic Gymnastics Technical Committee FIG Member Federations International Judges, Coaches and Gymnasts

The most important changes are reflected in...

- New format for the COP
- Increase the better image of Individual categories
- For MP/TR/GR, the routine length is 1' 25" (± 5-seconds)
- Some changes in the Dress Code
- Re-Grouping of the difficulty elements and table (including value of the elements)
- Reduction to 9 elements for IM/IW and 8 elements for MP/TR/GR
- Difficulty deductions are not divided
- 1 element from Group B, Family 4 is compulsory for IM category
- Group C, Family 7 is not allowed for IM category
- Combination of maximum 3 elements for IM/IW only and maximum of 2 elements for MP/TR/GR

- Combination of Acrobatic elements are allowed for IM/IW and maybe be in combination with Difficulty elements for only 1 set of combination
- New deductions for Execution
- "Artistic" is re-named to "Artistry"
- New criteria for Artistry
- No value for the lift and will be evaluated in Artistry as a Partnerships and Collaboration
- Re-named Age Group 2 to "Junior" and Age Group 1 to "Age Group"
- Coefficient has been analysed and changed
- Added the "Glossary" at the end of the CoP

On behalf of the Aerobic Gymnastics Technical Committee.

Lann Yage

IMPRESSUM

I wish to thank the present Aerobic Gymnastics Technical Committee for their unstinting work in creating this new Code of Points. All of the members of the FIG Aerobic Gymnastics Committee contributed to the revision of this Code of Points.

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The Aerobic Gymnastics Technical Committee wishes to thank also Gerald Bidault (FIG) for his exceptional work done for creating the "Interactive Code of Points" on FIG web site, including code of points with drawings, shorthand and videos.

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PART 1 COMPETITION RULES





FIG AEROBIC GYMNASTICS

Competitions at glance

	Division		Cate	gory	Age *	Composition	Competition Space	Music Length
		IM IW	*0	Individual Man Individual Woman		1 male competitor 1 female competitor	-	1 min. 20 sec. (± 5 sec.)
			•••					(=0 000.)
	Senior World	MP	A	Mixed Pair	18 +	1 male / 1 female competitors	10m x 10m	
	Championships	TR	×3	Trio		3 competitors (males / females / mixed)	Tom X Tom	1 min. 25 sec.
S		GR	×5	Group		5 competitors (males / females / mixed)		(± 5 sec.)
tition		AD	Х _{х8}	Aerobic Dance		8 competitors (males / females / mixed)		
FIG Official Competitions		AS	<u>√</u> ×8	Aerobic Step		8 competitors (males / females / mixed)		
Ö		IM	Individual Man	<u> </u>		1 male competitor		
icia	World Age	IW	Individual Woman	1		1 female competitor		
Off	Group Competition	MP	Mixed Pair		15-17	1 male / 1 female competitors	10m x 10m	1 min. 20 sec.
<u>5</u>	(Junior Division)	TR	Trio			3 competitors (males / females / mixed)		(± 5 sec.)
		GR	Group			5 competitors (males / females / mixed)		
		AD	Aerobic Dance			8 competitors (males / females / mixed)		
		AS IM	Aerobic Step Individual Man			8 competitors (males / females / mixed) 1 male competitor		
	World Age	IW	Individual Wall	<u> </u>	-	1 female competitor	7m x 7m	
	Group Competition			1	12-14			1 min. 15 sec.
	(Age Group Division)	MP TR	Mixed Pair Trio		-	1 male / 1 female competitors 3 competitors (males / females / mixed)	10m x 10m	(± 5 sec.)
	Division)	GR			_	5 competitors (males / females / mixed) 5 competitors (males / females / mixed)	_	
		AD	Group Aerobic Dance		-	. ,		
		IM	Individual Man			8 competitors (males / females / mixed) 1 male competitor		
a	National	IW	Individual Woman	1	-	1 female competitor	-	
National	Development	MP	Mixed Pair		9-11	1 male / 1 female competitors	7m x 7m	1 min. 15 sec.
Nat	-		R Trio		-	3 competitors (males / females / mixed)	-	(± 5 sec.)
		GR	Group		1	5 competitors (males / females / mixed)	10m x 10m	

^{*} In the year of the competition

1.1.1 THE CODE OF POINTS

A. GENERAL PURPOSE

As a principle, this Code of Points is for the <u>Senior division</u> – WCH (18 years and above) providing the means of guaranteeing the most objective evaluation of routines in Aerobic Gymnastics at International level. For specific rules of Junior and Age Group division, refer to Appendix 1 in addition to the Code of Points. If not mentioned in the Appendixes, the main Code of Points applies.

1.2 COMPETITIONS

A. STATUS

The official FIG Aerobic Gymnastics Competition is the "World Championships" in Aerobic Gymnastics.

1.3 <u>COMPETITION PROGRAMME</u>

A. PERIODS

The World Championships in Aerobic Gymnastics are held every two years in the even years.

B. <u>COMPETITION SCHEDULE</u>

For the general layout of the World Championships in Aerobic Gymnastics see T.R., section 6 art 3.1.

The competitions may not start earlier than 10.00 hours and not finish later than 23.00 hours.

The competition schedule must be approved by the Aerobic Gymnastics Technical Committee and published in the Work Plan.

1.4 ENTRY PROCEDURES FOR WORLD CHAMPIONSHIPS

See T.R. Section 1 Art 4, and item 2.2. of Chapter 2 of this Code of Points.

1.5 NAME CHANGES

See T.R. section 6, Art. 4.

1.6 QUALIFYING ROUNDS AND FINALS

A. NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS IN THE QUALIFYING ROUNDS

The maximum number for the Qualifying Rounds for WCH and WAGC is:

- One per Federation for IM, IW, GR, AD and AS.
- Two per Federation for MP and TR.

B. NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS IN THE FINALS

The eight best scores of all categories may participate in the finals. (See T.R. section 6 – Art 3.2)

C. TIE BREAKING RULES

(See T.R. section 6 - Art 3.3)

In case of a tie at any place in qualifications or finals, the tie will be broken based on the following criteria in this order:

- 1. The highest total score in Execution
- 2. The highest total score in Artistic
- 3. The highest total score in Difficulty

If there is still a tie, the tie will <u>not</u> be broken.

D. RANKING BY TEAMS

(See T.R. section 6 - Art 3.3)

In case of a tie in points at any place in the Team Ranking, the ranking will be determined by the following criteria:

- 1. The best ranked Group
- 2. The best ranked Trio
- 3. The best ranked counting Aerobic Dance or Aerobic Step

If there is still a tie, the tie will not be broken

1.7 STARTING ORDER

A. PROCEDURE FOR DRAWING LOTS

(T.R. section 1, Art.4.3 and T.R. section 6, Art.3.4)

- 1. A draw will decide the starting order of the qualification rounds and the finals. Lots will be drawn in the presence of the President of the Aerobic Gymnastics TC or a nominated Aerobic Gymnastics TC member.
- The drawing of lots will take place within two weeks after the deadline of the definitive entry
- 3. The federations will be informed by the Secretary General at least one month beforehand of the time and place of the drawing of lots and they will be entitled to be present at the draw.
- 4. The media will be informed and allowed to send representatives and the local authority, in whose area the draw will be held, will be invited to send representatives.
- 5. The lots shall be drawn by a "neutral" person or by computer.
- 6. The draw will decide the order in which the lot for each team or gymnast will be drawn and determine the order in which the team or gymnast will start to compete in the competition

7. "10 minutes rules"

For the health and safety of gymnasts, FIG has accepted that gymnasts competing in multiple qualification/finals require 10 minutes to recover before competing again. This recovery period has been translated to equal to 4 competition performances. (See T. R. section 1, Art.4.3.6)

The draw will be adjusted according to this principle. If a gymnast or group competes 7th in one rotation and are drawn in positions 1-3 in the next rotation the new starting position will become 4th. If a gymnast or group competes last in a rotation and are drawn in positions 1-4 in the next rotation the new starting position will be 5th.

The Superior Jury President, if necessary, will make this adjustment, and once the qualifying gymnasts are determined, the scoring provider will produce an adjusted draw and start list. This principle applies for all following rotations and also during other final competitions as well as for World Games (qualifications).

1.8 FACILITIES

A. TRAINING AREA

A training hall is available to the competitors 2 days prior to the start of the competition. It is equipped with appropriate sound equipment and a full-size competition floor. Access to the floor is given by a rotation schedule set up by the LOC and approved by the Aerobic Gymnastics Technical Committee.

B. WAITING AREA

A designated area connected to the Podium is referred to as the Waiting Area. It is only to be used by the competitors and their coaches of the next two starts. The area is not allowed to be used by any other person.

1.9 EXTRAORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCES

Extraordinary circumstances are described as follows:

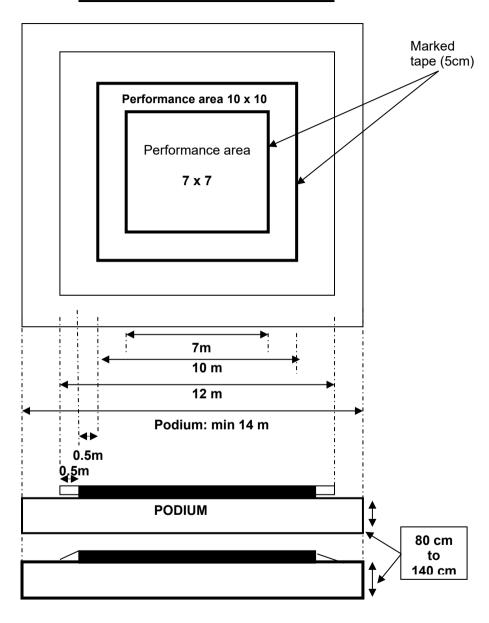
- Incorrect music is cued.
- Music problems due to the malfunction of the equipment.
- Disturbances caused by general equipment failure lighting, stage, venue.
- The introduction of any foreign object into the performance area by an individual or means other than by the competitor.
- Extraordinary circumstances causing a walk-over out of the competitor's control.

It is the responsibility of the competitor to stop the routine immediately if an extraordinary circumstance as mentioned above arises. A protest after the completion of a routine will not be accepted.

Upon the decision of the Chair of Judges Panel, the competitor may restart the routine after the problem has been corrected. Any scores previously given will be disregarded.

Where situations not stated above may arise, they will be resolved by a review of the circumstances by the Superior Jury. The decision of the Superior Jury is final.

1.10 PODIUM AND COMPETITION FLOOR



A. PODIUM

The podium on which the competition takes place is 80 cm to 140 cm high and closed off at the rear with a background.

The podium is no less than 14 m x 14 m in size.

B. COMPETITION FLOOR AND COMPETITION AREA

The competition floor must be 12m x12m. It must have a clearly marked competition area of 10m x 10m for all categories of SENIOR and Junior (7m x 7m will be used by some categories of Age Group and National Development division (see Appendix 1).

The tape is included within the measurements of the competition area. (See Apparatus norms).

Only floors with a current valid FIG Certificate can be used at competitions.

C. SEATING

World Championships

The Judges Panels are seated directly in front of the Podium.

The Line Judges are seated diagonally at the corners.

The Superior Juries are seated on a podium immediately behind the Judges Panels.

JUDGES PANEL A															
E 1	A 1	E 2	A 2	E 3	A 3	Т	CJP	D 1	D 2	E 4	A 4	E 5	A 5	E 6	A 6

	JUDGES PANEL B														
E 1	A 1	E 2	A 2	E 3	A 3	Т	CJP	D 1	D 2	E 4	A 4	E 5	A 5	E 6	A 6

SUPERIOR JURY & SUPERVISORS							
ES	AS	SJA	SJP	DS	DS	ES	AS

Keys: Artistry (A) – Execution (E) – Difficulty (D) –Time (T) – Chair (CJP) – Execution Supervisor (ES) – Artistry Supervisor (AS)
Difficulty Supervisor (DS) – Superior Jury Assistant (SJA)Superior Jury President (SJP)

D. RESTRICTIONS

Competitors, coaches and all unauthorized persons are restricted from entering the waiting area during competition, except when called by an official of the OC or the FIG.

Coaches have to remain in the Waiting Area with proper behaviour while their competitors are competing. Coaches, competitors and all unauthorized persons are restricted from entering the judging area. Disregard of these restrictions may lead to the disqualification of the competitor by the Superior Jury.

1.11 MUSICAL ACCOMPANIMENT

A. EQUIPMENT

The quality of the sound equipment must be of a professional standard and include, apart from the regular equipment, the following essential items: separate loudspeakers for the competitors and the music player (depends on the LOC equipment; CD player, PC, etc).

B. **RECORDING**

In order to simplify the management of the music and to limit the technical problems during the competitions, FIG recommends a reduction in variety of the various musical formats (CD, USB stick) and the use of only digital music formats.

However, refer to the Directives and the Work Plan of the competition and follow the instructions of Organizing Committee for the format of the music file (ex: mp3).

Music from one routine only should be recorded on a CD or the file format which the OC requests. Competitors must bring two copies of their music to the competition and clearly marked with as follows:

- The name of the nation (official abbreviation of the country);
- The first and last name of the individual competitor and the last names of MP, TR. GR AD. AS.
- The category (IM, IW, MP, TR, GR, AD, AS) (Senior, Junior, AG).

Delegation members are requested to have a spare copy of any CD and/or USB of their music for their training sessions and in case of technical problems.

C. QUALITY

The recording must meet professional standards regarding sound reproduction.

D. MUSIC RIGHTS

The FIG and the LOC cannot guarantee that the chosen music for a routine can be broadcast.

Together with the nominative entry, a list of all the music, title, artist and composer used must be sent to the LOC and for the World Championships to the FIG Secretariat.

1.12 RESULTS

A. <u>DISPLAY AND DISTRIBUTION OF RESULTS</u>

For each exercise, total scores (A, E, D scores), penalties, final score and the rank must be displayed to the public. After the Qualification round, each participating member federation must receive a complete copy of the results but not the detailed results. At the end of the competition, a complete set of all detailed results must be given to each participating member federation. (See T.R. Section 1 Art 4.10.6)

B. **INQUIRIES**

(See T.R. Section 1 Art 8.4)

C. FINAL RESULTS

For each final, there is no carry-over score.

The score obtained in the Final determines the classification.

1.13 AWARDS

(see T.R. Section 1 Art 9.3)

A. CEREMONIES

See special regulations for FIG medal award ceremonies.

The responsible FIG official must approve the detailed organisation.

B. AWARDS

Medals are presented to the first three places. Diplomas are given to each finalist.

A certificate of participation is given to all competitors and officials.

1.14 JUDGES

A. JUDGES

Judges must maintain a close involvement with Aerobic Gymnastics and constantly extend their practical knowledge. The basic requirements for their activities are:

- a. An excellent knowledge of the FIG Code of Points
- b. An excellent knowledge of the FIG Technical Regulations (FIG T.R.)
- c. An excellent knowledge of new difficulty elements

The requirements for judging at official FIG competitions are:

- a. To be in possession of a valid FIG Brevet of the current cycle
- To have judged successfully at national competitions, at competitions between countries and at international invitational competitions.
- c. To be listed in the FIG World List of judges
- d. To have an excellent knowledge of Aerobic Gymnastics and to demonstrate sound unbiased judging.
- e. Any judge who is a close family relative (see FIG Code of Ethics Art 2.) to a competitive gymnast may not judge that gymnast or his/her unit (pair, group, etc) and so may not judge that category.

All members of the judging panel are obliged to:

- a. Attend all meetings, briefings and debriefings
- b. Be present at the competition area at the designated time according to the schedule

During the competition each judge is requested:

- a. Not to leave the assigned seat
- b. Not to have contact with other persons
- c. Not to engage in discussions with coaches, competitors and other judges
- d. To wear the prescribed competition-uniform (Professional Attire) except at other competitions where the uniform is supplied by the Organising Committee.
 - (Women: dark blue suit with skirt or trousers and white blouse)
 - (Men: dark blue suit or jacket with trousers and white shirt with tie)

B. SUPERIOR JURY

The Superior Jury is responsible for controlling the work of all judges and the Chair of Judges Panel according to the rules and to guarantee a correct publication of the final scores. It registers the deviations of the judges' scores.

If there are repeated deviations, the Superior Jury has the right to warn or replace a judge with reserved judge.

Violations of instructions from the Superior Jury, the Chair of Judges Panel and the Code may result in sanctions, as declared by the President of the FIG Aerobic Gymnastics Committee.

Violations of the Code include: (see also the Appendix to the CoP)

- a. Intentional violation of the Code
- b. Intentionally giving an advantage or disadvantage to one or several competitors
- c. Not adhering to the instructions given by the Aerobic Gymnastics Committee, the Superior Jury or the Chair of Judges Panel
- d. Repeatedly giving scores that are too high or too low
- e. Not adhering to the instructions for an orderly and disciplined competition
- f. Not participating in the judge's meetings
- g. Improper attire

The Superior Jury or the Chair of Judges' Panel can declare the following sanctions:

- a. Verbal or written warning
- b. Exclusion from the respective competition

The Disciplinary Commission can declare the following sanctions:

- a. Expulsion as a judge from international competitions for a set period of time
- b. Lowering the category of brevet
- c. Withdrawal of the brevet
- d. Not accepting judges from an involved federation for a set period of time (see FIG Judges' rules)

CHAPTER 2

THE WORLD CHAMPIONSHIPS IN AEROBIC GYMNASTICS

2.1 THE CATEGORIES

A. NUMBER OF CATEGORIES

The World Aerobic Championships comprises the following categories:

⇒ AEROBIC GYMNASTICS

Individual women (IM)



Individual men (IW)



Mixed Pair (MP)



Trio (TR)



Group (GR)



⇒ **AEROBIC Dance & AEROBIC Step** with specific FIG rules (see Part 5 and 6)

AEROBIC Dance (AD)



AEROBIC Step (AS)



B. NUMBER OF COMPETITORS

Number and gender of the competitors:

Individual men 1 male competitor Individual women 1 female competitor

Mixed Pair 1 male / 1 female competitor

Trio 3 competitors (males/females/mixed)
Group 5 competitors (males/females/mixed)
AEROBIC Dance 8 competitors (males/females/mixed)
AEROBIC Step 8 competitors (males/females/mixed)

2.2 PARTICIPATION CRITERIA

A. GENERAL RIGHTS

The World Championships in Aerobic Gymnastics are open to competitors who:

- Have been entered by their national federation affiliated to the FIG
- Fulfil the requirements of the current valid FIG Statutes and the FIG Technical Regulations

B. AGE

(see FIG T.R. section 1, Art 5.2)

For official Senior competitions of the FIG, the participant must be minimum of 18 years old in the year of the competition.

C. NATIONALITY

(see FIG T.R. section 1, Art Reg 5.3)

Competitors and judges who change nationality must follow the Directives of the Olympic Charter and the FIG Statutes.

The FIG Executive Committee deals with changes of nationality.

2.3 DRESS CODE

The competitors dress must demonstrate that it subscribes to the sport profile of a Gymnastics discipline. **A neat and proper athletic appearance** should be the overall impression.

For Aerobic Dance and Aerobic Step, (see part 5 and 6)

Attire violating any description written in the Dress Code will be deducted by CJP.

A. NATIONAL EMBLEM & ADVERTISING

(- 0.3 deduction) (See FIG Advertising Rules Competition Clothing)
A gymnast must wear a national identification or emblem on his/her leotard in accordance with the most recent FIG Regulation.

A gymnast may only wear those logos advertising and sponsorships identifiers that are permitted in the most recent FIG Regulations.

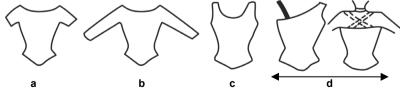
B. COMPETITION ATTIRE

(- 0.2 each time for different criteria)

< WOMEN'S ATTIRE >

- 1. Women must wear a one-piece leotard with flesh coloured or transparent tights or a full-length unitard (one-piece leotard from neck to ankle).
- 2. Different types of sequins are allowed.
- 3. The neckline of the front and back of the leotard/unitard must be no further than half of the sternum for the front and no further than the lower line of the shoulder blades for the back.
- 4. The cut of the leotard at the top of the legs must not go higher than the waist and the outside seam must pass through the crest of ilium. The leotard must cover the crotch completely.
- 5. Attire for women may be with or without long sleeves (1 or 2 sleeves). Long sleeves end maximum at the wrist. Transparent material allowed for sleeves.

Examples for WOMEN



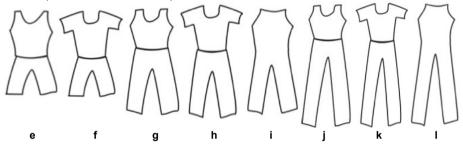
The examples shown "a to c" represent the same front and back of the leotard. The example "d" is the same leotard showing the front and the back.

< MEN'S ATTIRE >

- 1 Men must wear 2 pieces (short or long pants and a form fitting top) or a full-length unitard. Shorts/pants/trousers must not be skin-tight.
- 2 Short pants must cover 1/3 of the thigh length from hip joint.
- 3 The attire must not have an open cut at the front or back.
- 4 The armhole must not be cut below shoulder blades (scapular).
- 5 Any kind of SEQUINS and long sleeves for Men's Attire is not allowed.
- 6 3/4 leggings, long gymnastics trousers (leotard + trousers), 1-piece combitrousers are allowed.

Examples for MEN

The examples shown "e to I" represents the same front and back of the leotard.



C. CORRECT ATTIRE-SPORTS PROFILE

(-0.2 point each time for different criteria)

- 1. Correct support must be worn.
- 2. Hair must be secured to the head.
- 3. The competitors must wear white aerobics shoes and optional white socks.
- 4. Make-up must be only for women and used sparingly.
- 5. Loose and additional items to the attire are not allowed.
- 6. Jewellery must not be worn.
- 7. Torn or ripped costume or undergarments must not be shown during a performance.
- 8. Aerobics attire must be in non-transparent material, except for sleeves for women.
- 9. Attire depicting war, violence or religious themes is forbidden.
- 10.Body paint is not allowed.
- 11. Only skin colour taping is allowed (no braces/grips).
- 12.Leotards that are almost all skin coloured (see Glossary) are not allowed. It appears as nudity on TV.

D. Uniform-National Track Suit

All competitors must wear their country's official national tracksuit at the Opening, Closing and for Medal Award Ceremonies. (see FIG T.R. section 1, Art. 9.3.3)

CHAPTER 3

COMPOSITION OF ROUTINES

3.1 DEFINITION OF "AEROBIC GYMNASTICS"

Aerobic Gymnastics is the competitive discipline based on the performance of variety of AMP (Aerobic Movement Patterns-see Aerobic Glossary) continuously to the music, which originates from traditional aerobic exercises. The routine must demonstrate perfect execution of all components.

3.2 MUSIC LENGTH

The length of the routine music is as follows with a tolerance of plus or minus 5 seconds (with increments of 1-second). The time begins with the first audible sound of the music (beep sound not included) and ends when the sound is not audible.

- IM / IW: 1 minute 20 seconds (± 5 seconds)
- MP / TR / GR / AD / AS: 1 minute 25 seconds (± 5 seconds)

3.3 COMPOSITION CONTENTS

The routine must integrate the following movements to the music.

- > Components:
- Aerobic Movement Patterns
- Transitions / Links
- Difficulty / Acrobatic Elements
- Collaboration / Partnership (MP / TR / GR / AD / AS)

The routine must show a balance between the components. All movements must be precise and with a definite shape. It is essential to show a balanced use of all space throughout the routine. Themes showing violence and racism, as well as those with religious and sexual connotations, are not in keeping with the Olympic ideals and the FIG's code of ethics.

3.4 <u>DIFFICULTY ELEMENTS</u>

(see Appendix 4)

The Difficulty Elements are classified into the following 3 "groups" in consideration of the physical ability required for each skill. Elements having similar techniques in each group are classified into "families".

- The difficulty level is ranked from 0.1 to 1.0 point.
- Competitors may select the difficulty elements within their routine. In Senior International categories, only skills with a value of 0.3 to 1.0 will be recognized as difficulty elements (for Junior and Age Group, refer to Appendix 1).

	GROUP A (FLOOR ELEMENTS)					
Dv	FAMILY 1 namic Strength	FAMILY 2 Static Strength	FAMILY 3 Leg Circle			
Dy	namic Strength	Static Strength	Leg Circle			
	A-Frame	Support	Flair			
Base Name	Straddle Cut	V-Support	Helicopter			
Nume	Explosive High-V	Planche / Straddle Planche				

	GROUP B (AIRBORNE ELEMENTS)								
Dy	FAMILY 4 namic Jump mpulsory for IM)	FAMILY 5 Form Jump	FAMILY 6 Split Leap/Jump						
	Air Turn	Tuck	Switch Split						
Base	Free Fall	Cossack	Scissors Leap						
Name	Gainer	Pike	Sagittal Split						
	Butterfly	Straddle/Frontal Split							
	Off Axis								

GROUP C (STANDING ELEMENTS)					
	FAMILY 7	FAMILY 8			
	Turns	Flexibility			
		(Not allowed for IM)			
	Turn	Vertical Split			
Base Name	Horizontal Turn	Balance			
, vanio		Illusion			

> Basic rules for performing Difficulty / Acrobatic Elements

Dasic rules for	performing difficulty / Acrobatic Elements
	Minimum of 5 Families must be performed.
	Maximum of 2 different Base Named Elements from each
	Family.
All Categories	If the element does not meet the "minimum requirements", then
J	it is counted but no value is given.
	Maximum of 2 times in Wenson position (any phase of the skill
	which include Wenson shape will count as Wenson position).
	Maximum of 3 elements landing to PU and/or to split position in
	Group B (for IM; no split landing).
	Elements cannot be repeated (Difficulty / Acrobatic).
	Maximum of 9 difficulty elements are allowed and evaluated.
IM / IW	Maximum of 3 elements can be combined in 1 set.
	Maximum of 3 sets of combinations in total (A+A included).
	Compulsory to perform at least 1 element from Family 4 (Group
IM	B).
	Not allowed to perform Family 8 (Group C).
	No elements landing in split position (Group B / Acrobatic
	Elements).
	Maximum of 8 difficulty elements are allowed and evaluated.
	Maximum of 2 elements can be combined in 1 set.
MP / TR / GR	Maximum of 2 sets of combinations in total.
	Must perform the same element at the same time.
	TR / GR: May not perform element overlapping (3 or more
	competitors in a column from the Judges' Panel view)

3.5 COMBINATION OF ELEMENTS (Connection)

<u>Two or three elements</u> can be combined (connected) **directly without any stop**, **hesitation** or transition.

Basic rules for performing Difficulty / Acrobatic Elements Combination

Dasic Tules IOI	performing biniculty / Acrobatic Elements Combination
All Categories	 All elements must be performed without a "FALL" and / or Large Error. 2 or 3 elements must be from different families (Ex: Scissors Leap+Tuck+AirTurn, Cossack+Free Fall, etc.) Will be counted as 2 or 3 elements. Combination of 2 or 3 elements may not be repeated. If one of those 2 or 3 elements doesn't meet the "minimum requirements" or performed with a FALL or Large Error, the combination will not receive any additional value but counted.
IM / IW	Maximum of 1 combination of 2 acrobatic elements allowed.
MP / TR / GR	All competitors MUST perform the same Difficulty Elements combination at the same time (Acro combination is not allowed).

3.6 ACROBATIC ELEMENTS

The Acrobatic elements are those listed in the Code of Points (see page 23)

- Acrobatic Elements can be performed with 1 or 2 arms / hands OR from 1 or 2 feet (performing with elbows will be deducted by E-Jury).
- Acrobatic elements must be used without repetition including variations.
- Using Acrobatic Elements as transition will also be counted as **1 Acro** including variations.
- MP / TR / GR; if multiple competitors perform Acrobatic Element, they must perform <u>same Acrobatic Elements at the same time</u>.
- Acrobatic Combination is <u>allowed only for IM / IW</u> and <u>only 1 set</u> in a whole routine. For MP /TR / GR; Acrobatic combination is <u>not allowed</u>.
- For IM; Acrobatic elements landing in Split position is **not allowed**.

Basic rules for performing Acrobatic Elements + Difficulty Elements

Category	Acrobatic Elements' Combination < A + A >					
	Count as 1 combination					
IM / IW	1 set (This set may be connected with Difficulty Element)					
	(Ex: A+A+D / D+A+A)					
MP / TR / GR	Not allowed					

3.7 NEW DIFFICULTY ELEMENTS

The FIG Aerobic Gymnastics Technical Committee who will evaluate them once per year can ONLY make classification of New Difficulty Elements. Applications must be sent to the FIG Secretariat before 15th of January.

Difficulty elements submitted for evaluation must:

- Not be a variation of an existing element (except for the turns/twists increase in Group B)
- Have written name and description
- Be filmed from two camera angles (from the front and the side)
- Meet the requirement of "recognition as valid element"
- Be performed on a competition surface or a landing mat no higher than 15 cm.

If the above requirements are not met, the FIG Aerobic Gymnastics Technical Committee will refuse to classify the difficulty elements.

Notification of the classification will be given to the applying member federation before 30th March.

The FIG Aerobic Gymnastics Technical Committee will publish the New Elements in the Newsletters once per year only.

All Juries must have a current valid FIG brevet in the discipline of Aerobic.

4.1 JUDGES / JUDGES PANEL

A. SUPERIOR JURY

> Composition of the Superior Jury at the World Championships

Position	Person in charge	Responsibility
Superior Jury President (SJP)	TC President	Control whole competition
Difficulty Supervisor (DS)	2 TC Members	Control score in Difficulty
Execution Supervisor (ES)	2 TC Members	Control score in Execution
Artistry Supervisor (AS)	2 TC Members	Control score in Artistry
Assistant (A)	1 TC Member	Assist SJP

B. JUDGES PANEL

(see T.R. section 1. Reg. 7.8.2 e / General Judges' Rule Art 10)

Judges Panel at the following competition Groups:

- ⇒ Group 2: World Championships, The World Games
- ⇒ Group 3: Continental Championships, World Cup Events (For other competitions, General Judges' Rule Art 10)

Composition of the Judges Panel

Position	Group 2	Group 3
Chair of Judges Panel (CJP)	1	1
E-Jury (Execution)	6	4
A-Jury (Artistry)	6	4
D-Jury (Difficulty)	2	2
Line Judges	2	2
Time Judge	1	1
TOTAL	18	14

4.2 FUNCTIONS AND CRITERIA OF THE SUPERIOR JURY

The SUPERIOR JURY must: (see also the Appendix to the CoP)

- 1. Supervise the competition and deal with any breaches of discipline or any extraordinary circumstances affecting the running of the competition.
- 2. Intervene when there is a grave error of judgment.
- 3. Continually review the marks awarded by the judges and to issue a warning to any judge whose work is considered to be unsatisfactory or showing partiality.
- 4. Remove where necessary the offending judge when there has not been a satisfactory response to any warning.

The FIG Executive Committee has the authority to decide on the rules for the Superior Jury and the specific roles of the Technical Committee members during a competition.



PART 2 JUDGING



CHAPTER 5

JUDGING / EVALUATION

5.1 CHAIR OF JUDGES PANEL (CJP)

A. FUNCTION

- Records the whole routine performed including the Elements
- Control of the judges' work as determined in the Technical Regulations
- Deducts from total score for infringements according to the Code of Points
- Checks E- scores and A- scores for logic and approaches judge with significant deviation (out of the tolerance) from expectation or when the scores are impossible to justify and consider a change of mark (the judge is allowed to refuse)
- Releases Scores: After allowing time for the SJ to intervene if necessary. (15 seconds)
- Once the scores are released to the public, no change is possible except in the case of incorrect score display or inquiry.

CJP Must Intervene when:

- > The marks of the panel are incorrect or impossible
- > The D- Juries cannot agree the D-score
- > A Line judge has not seen a fault

B. CRITERIA

PROHIBITED COLLABORATION IN PYRAMID (- 0.5):

 Pyramid height of the collaboration must not be higher than 2 persons standing in vertical position.

ACROBATIC ELEMENTS AND PROHIBITED MOVES (- 0.5):

Acrobatic Elements and Prohibited moves are listed in the following pages. (see page 22)

<All Categories>

Prohibited moves are <u>NOT allowed</u> in the routine (including in the collaboration).

<IM and IW>

➤ Combination of 2 Acrobatic elements (A+A) is allowed **ONLY 1 time** in the routine.

<MP, TR and GR>

- ➤ Combination of 2 Acrobatic elements (A+A) is **NOT allowed**.
- Acrobatic elements during the collaboration with physical contact are allowed and will not be counted as Acrobatic elements.
- > Propelling in collaboration is allowed.

ATTIRE ERRORS (- 0.2):

Attire errors refer to violation of Art 2.3, which will give a deduction for each time for different criteria.

NATIONAL EMBLEM (- 0.3) (See FIG Advertising Rules Competition Clothing A gymnast must wear a national identification or emblem on his/her leotard in accordance with the most recent FIG Regulation.

LATE APPEARANCE ON THE COMPETITION AREA (- 0.5):

When a competitor fails to appear on the competition area within 20 seconds after being called.

WALK-OVER (Disqualification):

When a competitor fails to appear on the competition area within 60 seconds after being called. Disgualified from the category in question.

PRESENTATION FAULT (- 0.2):

When called upon by the announcer, the competitors must present themselves in clean sport like manner on the competition floor and go to their starting position (without theatrical presentation, cleaning shoes, wiping hands, etc).

INTERRUPTION OF PERFORMANCE (-0.5):

Interruption of performance is defined when a competitor stops executing movements for a period of time between 2 and 10 seconds and then continues.

STOP OF PERFORMANCE (- 2.0):

A stop of performance is defined when a competitor stops more than 10 seconds (applies in all categories).

TIME (Music length):

The time begins with the first audible sound (cue sign excluded) and ends with the last audible sound. The length of the routine with a tolerance of plus or minus 5-seconds (increments of 1-second). If the routine length with the music is more or less than COP states, the following deduction will be made:

> TIME INFRACTION (± 2 sec.): - 0.2 deduction

Category (Senior)	Length allowed	Infraction (±2 sec.)
IM / IW (1'20")	1'15"- 1'25"	1'13" - 1'14" or 1'26" – 1'27"
MP/TR/GR/AD/AS (1'25")	1'20"- 1'30"	1'18" - 1'19" or 1'31" – 1'32"

> TIME FAULT (± 5 sec.) : - 0.5 deduction

Category (Senior)	Length allowed	Fault (±5 sec.)
IM / IW (1'20")	1'15"- 1'25"	Less than 1'13" or More than 1'27"
MP/TR/GR/AD/AS (1'25")	1'20"- 1'30"	Less than 1'18" or More than 1'32"

THEMES (- 2.0):

Themes in contravention of the Olympic Charter and Code of Ethics

DISCIPLINARY PENALTIES:

<Warnings>

A competitor receives one warning only and, irrespective of the category, the second warning will result in immediate disqualification.

Warnings are given for the following:

- Presence in a prohibited area.
- Improper behaviour on the Podium.
- Disrespectful manners to judges & officials.
- Unsportsmanlike behaviour.
- The national tracksuit not being worn during the Opening & Closing ceremonies.
- The national tracksuit not being worn at the medal awarding ceremony (50% of prize money).

<Disqualifications>

Disqualification is declared if:

- There are serious breaches of the FIG Statutes, Technical Regulations and/or Code of Points.
- There is a Walk-over.

C. DEDUCTION

Make deductions and penalties by the Chair of Judges Panel:

Code	Detail	Deductions				
Α	Presentation fault	- 0.2				
В	Incorrect attire	- 0.2 (each criteria)				
С	Missing national emblem	- 0.3				
D	Time infraction (± 2 sec. of tolerance)	- 0.2				
E	Time fault (± 5 sec. of tolerance or more)	- 0.5				
F	Failure to appear on the competition area within 20 sec.	- 0.5				
G	Prohibited collaboration	- 0.5 (each time)				
Н	Prohibited moves	- 0.5 (each time)				
I	More Acrobatic Elements than number allowed in a	- 0.5 (each time)				
	combination (IM/IW)					
J	IM/IW: More Acrobatic Combination (A+A) than sets	- 0.5 (each time)				
	allowed					
K	Repetition of Acrobatic Elements	- 0.5 (each time)				
L	For IM; Acrobatic Elements landing in Split	- 0.5 (each time)				
M	MP/TR/GR: Performing different acrobatic elements at	- 0.5 (each time)				
	the same time					
N	MP/TR/GR: Performing same acrobatic elements in	- 0.5 (each time)				
	cannon (not considered as repetition)	0.5 (
0	MP/TR/GR: Performing combination of Acrobatic	- 0.5 (each time)				
X	elements (A+A) Interruption of performance for 2-10 sec.	- 0.5 (each time)				
Ŷ	Stop of performance more than 10 sec.	- 0.5 (each time)				
Z	Themes in contravention of the Olympic Charter and the	- 2.0				
_	Code of Ethics	- 2.0				
W-1	Presence in prohibited area	Warning				
W-2	Improper behavior/manners	Warning				
W-3	National tracksuit not being worn (see valid T.R.)	Warning				
D-1	Walk-over	Disqualification				
D-2	Serious breach of the FIG statues, T.R., COP	Disqualification				

Code	Detail	Deductions			
Р	Performing Acrobatic elements not allowed	- 0.5 (each time)			
Q	Performing Acro Combination with element (A+A+D, D+A+A)	- 0.5 (each time)			
R	Performing more than 2 Acrobatic elements	- 0.5 (each time)			

D. ACROBATIC ELEMENTS AND PROHIBITED MOVES

- ◆ Acrobatic Elements can be performed with 1 or 2 arms / hands OR from 1 or 2 feet
- ◆ A-1 to A-5 must be used without repetition including variations (see Glossary).
- ◆ Using Acrobatic Elements as transition will also be counted as 1 Acro including variations.
- ◆ MP/ TR / GR: Must perform same Acrobatic Elements (same Acro #) at the same time.
- ◆ Acrobatic Combination is allowed **only for** IM / IW and only 1 set in a whole routine.
- ◆ For IM; Landing in Split position is not allowed.
- ◆ Any Acrobatic elements listed performed with elbows will receive deduction of -0.5 by E-Jury

ACROBATIC ELEMENTS A-1) Round off











A-5) Salto 360° (forward, backward, sideward) with or without maximum of 1/1 twist

PROHIBITED MOVES



PROHIBITED MOVES:

- ◆ P-1) Static moves showing extreme flexibility (i.e.: Hyper extension of back, bridge, showing dislocation of the joints, etc.)
- ◆ P-2) Static handstand held more than 2 seconds
- ◆ P-3) Dive roll with twist
- ◆ P-4) Salto more than 360°.
- ◆ P-5) MP / TR / GR: Combination of Acrobatic Elements

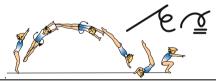
P-1) Static Back Hyper Extension and / or showing dislocation of joints



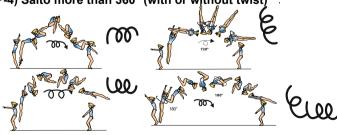




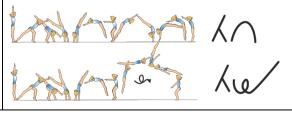
P-3) Dive roll with twist



P-4) Salto more than 360° (with or without twist)



P-5) MP / TR / GR: Combination of Acrobatic Elements (Example: Round off + Flic flac OR Round off + Salto



CJP Deduction Chart

			Senior						Junio	r		Age Group										
Code	Detail	Deduction	IM	IW	MP	TR	GR	AD	AS	IM	IW	MP	TR	GR	AD	AS	IM	IW	MP	TR	GR	AD
Α	Presentation fault	- 0.2				0							0)		
В	Incorrect attire	- 0.2 (each)				0							0						()		
С	Missing national emblem	- 0.3				0							0						()		
D	Time infraction (± 2 sec. of tolerance)	- 0.2				0							0					0				
Е	Time fault (± 5 sec. of tolerance or more)	- 0.5				0							0						()		
F	Failure to appear on the competition area within 20 sec.	- 0.5				0							0						()		
G	Prohibited collaboration	- 0.5 (each)				0							0						()		
Н	Prohibited moves	- 0.5 (each)				0							0						()		
I	More Acrobatic Elements than number allowed in a combination (IM/IW/AD)	- 0.5 (each)	0	0				0		0	0				0			1				
J	More Acrobatic Combination than sets allowed (IM/IW/AD)	- 0.5 (each)	0	0				0		0	0				0							
K	Repetition of Acrobatic Elements (IM/IW/MP/TR/GR/AG-AD)	- 0.5 (each)	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0				()		
L	For IM/AD-men; Acrobatic Elements landing in Split	- 0.5 (each)	0					0		0					0		0					0
M	MP/TR/GR: Performing different acrobatic elements at the same time	- 0.5 (each)			0	0	0					0	0	0					0	0	0	
N	MP/TR/GR: Performing same acrobatic elements in cannon (not considered as repetition)	- 0.5 (each)			0	0	0					0	0	0					0	0	0	
0	MP/TR/GR/AG-AD: Performing combination of Acrobatic elements (A+A)	- 0.5 (each)			0	0	0					0	0	0				1	0	0	0	0
Р	Performing Acrobatic elements not allowed (AD-AG & JR: landing without support/help from partners in collaboration)	- 0.5 (each)								0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Q	Performing Acro combination with element (A+A+D, D+A+A)	- 0.5 (each)								0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0	0	
R	Performing more than 2 Acrobatic elements	- 0.5 (each)								0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0	0	
S	Performing Difficulty / Acrobatic elements	- 0.5 (each)							0							0		1				
Т	More than 3 collaborations	- 0.5 (each)							0							0						1
Х	Interruption of performance for 2-10 sec.	- 0.5 (each)				0				0							Ö					
Υ	Stop of performance more than 10 sec.	- 2.0				0				0							0					
Z	Themes in contravention of the Olympic Charter and the Code of Ethics	- 2.0	0						0							0						
W-1	Presence in prohibited area Warning		0						0							0						
W-2	Improper behavior/manners Warning		0							0							0					
W-3	National tracksuit not being worn (see valid T.R.)	Warning				0				0							0					
D-1	Walk-over	Disqualification				0							0						()		
D-2	Serious breach of the FIG statues, T.R., COP	Disqualification				0							0						()		

5.2 DIFFICULTY (D-Jury)

(See also Part 3, Difficulty Guide)

DIFFICULTY GROUPS

	GROUP A (FLOOR ELEMENTS)						
Dy	FAMILY 1 namic Strength	FAMILY 2 Static Strength	FAMILY 3 Leg Circle				
	A-Frame	Support	Flair				
Base Name	Straddle Cut	V-Support	Helicopter				
Nume	Explosive High-V	Planche / Straddle Planche					

	GROUP B (AIRBORNE ELEMENTS)									
	FAMILY 4	FAMILY 5	FAMILY 6							
	namic Jump mpulsory for IM)	Form Jump	Split Leap/Jump							
	Air Turn	Tuck	Switch Split							
Base	Free Fall	Cossack	Scissors Leap							
Name	Gainer	Pike	Sagittal Split							
	Butterfly	Straddle/Frontal Split								
	Off Axis									

	GROUP C (STANDING ELEMENTS)						
	FAMILY 7	FAMILY 8					
	Turns	Flexibility					
		(Not allowed for IM)					
_	Turn	Vertical Split					
Base Name	Horizontal Turn	Balance					
, vanio		Illusion					

A. FUNCTION

D-Jury is responsible for evaluating the difficulty elements of the exercise and determining the correct Difficulty score. The D- Jury are obligated to validate and recognize and credit each element that is correctly performed according to the minimum requirements.

Elements not meeting minimum requirements and/or elements with a fall / large error will be counted but will not receive the value.

- Record the whole routine (all difficulty / acrobatic elements).
- Count the number of difficulty elements and combinations to give the values according to the CoP.
- Apply Difficulty deductions.

The two judges must compare their scores and deductions to ensure that they are in agreement and then send one score. In the case of an irreconcilable difference, they will consult with Chair of Judges Panel.

B. CRITERIA

<Recording the difficulty elements>

➤ All difficulty elements performed must be written down using the FIG shorthand shown in Appendix 2, (Difficulty Tables / Element Pool and Values), regardless the minimum requirements are met or not (as described in Part 3).

<Evaluating the difficulty elements>

- > The value is set according to Appendix 4, provided the element meets the minimum requirements as stated.
- > A value is given only to the first 9/8 difficulty elements performed.
- > All elements with a Fall and / or Large error will receive "0" value.
- ➤ Elements from Family 5 (all Form Jumps) and Family 6 (Split Jump), the form/position must be shown during the airborne phase regardless of where the form/position was shown. They will receive the same value as the same total rotation of the existing elements.
- If any element performed which does not exist in the CoP but the base name and the ending position exists: Element and Family will be counted but receive "0" value (except for the elements from Family 5 & 6-Split Jump), and no Difficulty deduction.
- ➢ If any <u>base named element</u> from Family 8 is performed, it will be counted (Element & Family) and;
 - **IM:** receive "0" value and will be deducted accordingly.
 - IW/MP/TR/GR: receive "0" value for elements ending in vertical split and no deduction.
- > For additional elements: number of elements performed are counted but NOT count for the Family.
- MP/TR/GR: Family is <u>NOT counted</u> only when 2 different elements are performed at the same time.

<Combination of Difficulty/Acrobatic Elements Evaluation>

- > If all elements in a combination set meets the minimum requirements:
 - Combination of 2 elements will receive an additional value of 0.1 point
 - Combination of 3 elements will receive an additional value of 0.2 point
 - Combination sets more than number allowed will not receive an additional value.
- ➤ If one of combination elements does not meet the minimum requirements, the combination will not receive any additional value.
- > Elements with a **FALL** / large error will not receive the additional value.
- If 1 step or more is performed between the elements of a combination, no additional value.

Category	Evaluation	Example (D=Difficulty, A=Acro)
	No additional value but counted as a combination	A + A
IM / IW	+ 0.1	D+D / A+D / D+A
	+ 0.2	D+A+D / A+D+A /
		A+D+D / D+D+A / D+D+D
	+ 0.2 (only 1set allowed)	A+A+D / D+A+A
	+ 0.1	D+D / A+D / D+A
MP/TR/GR	Receive Value and counted for the	D+A+D / A+D+A /
	Difficulty elements but No additional	A+D+D / D+D+A /
	value and No Deduction	D + D + D

REMINDER

<IM and IW>

- Combination of 2 Acrobatic elements (A+A) is allowed <u>ONLY 1 time</u> in the routine (no additional value) and will be counted as a combination.
- This combination <u>must be connected with difficulty element</u> (A+A+D or D+A+A) in order to receive the additional value.

<MP, TR and GR>

- Combination of 2 Acrobatic elements (A+A) is NOT allowed.
- All competitors must perform the <u>same combination</u> of 2 elements <u>at the</u> same time.

<TR and GR>

 All elements <u>must be performed without OVERLAPPING (in column)</u> with each other from the front Judges' Panel view <u>in order to receive the value</u> of the elements and <u>an additional value</u> for the combination (see Glossary). <u>No value</u> if performed with <u>OVERLAPPING</u>.

C. MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS

(see Part 3)

- ⇒ All difficulty elements must be performed without a <u>"FALL" / Large error</u> to receive the value.
- ⇒ If the element does <u>NOT</u> meet the "Minimum Requirements", it will not receive a value.

<Group B & C: Elements with Turns>

⇒ To be recognized as **elements with turn(s)**, the turn must be completed **minimum of 3/4** of the **last turn** or the element will be downgraded to the next lower value.

D. DEDUCTION

> DIFFICULTY DEDUCTIONS: - 0.5 per element / per combination

Category	Reasons							
	Less than 5 families							
	More than 2 difficulty elements from a same Family							
	More-than 9/8 difficulty elements							
All Categories	More than 3 difficulty elements in landing to push up and/or to split position in Group B (IM; not allowed split landing)							
	Repetition of the same base named difficulty element							
	More than 2 times in Wenson position (any phase of the							
	difficulty element which include Wenson shape will count as							
	Wenson position)							
	More than 3/2 elements in a combination							
	More than 3/2 sets of combination (A+A included)							
	Combination of elements from the same Family							
	Missing Family 4 (Group B)							
IM	Performing from Family 8 (Group C)							
	Performing Split landing elements (Group B)							
MP/TR/GR	Performing different Difficulty elements or combination with							
	different elements and / or not at the same time							

5.3 EXECUTION (E-Jury)

(See also Part 4, Execution Guide)

All movements must be performed with maximum precision (perfection). Any deviation will be deducted from 10.0 points with increments of 0.1 point.

MP/TR/GR: Evaluate the weakest or larger mistake as an error.

A. FUNCTION

The E-Jury evaluates the Technical Skills of the whole routine from beginning till the end of the following movements (start / end positions included):

- A. Elements (Difficulty & Acrobatic)
- B. AMP Sequences technique (steps and arm movements)
- C. Transitions / Links
- D. Partnerships / Collaborations
- E. Synchronization (MP, TR, GR)

B. **JUDGING**

> Judging Technical Skills: In MP/TR/GR: Evaluate the weakest performance.

<u> </u>	
Form	 Showing precise form of each movement: (Ex: Cossack, Tuck, L-support, Split, Knee Lift, Jumping Jack, etc.)
Posture / Alignment	 Perform movements with each body parts at the correct position / placement Carriage of the neck, shoulders and head relative to the spine. Placement of torso (lower back, pelvis and contraction of the abdominal muscles). Toes/feet position relative to the hip joint, knees, ankles. Fully extension of the legs (knees and feet).
Precision / Perfection	 Each movement must be performed with correct technique utilizing necessary physical capacity. Each movement has a clear start and finish position. Jumps and Leaps require amplitude (height).

C. **ERRORS**

Descriptions

Small Error Minor deviation from perfect execution		
Medium Error Significant deviation from perfect execution		- 0.3
Large Error	Wrong technique / Touching the floor / 1-Touch	- 0.5
FALL / Multiple	To drop or come down to the floor without	- 1.0
Touches	control / Multiple Touches	

D. CRITERIA AND DEDUCTIONS

- ➤ All movements with <u>"Fall" or "Multiple Touches"</u> will be deducted: (1.0)
- > All movements with "1-Touch" will be deducted: (0.5)

D.1. Deductions for Difficulty Elements / Acrobatic Elements > Evaluate technical skills of each element performed

Evaluate tooliilloar okiilo or odori ololliont portorilloa							
Small	Medium	Large	FALL *				
- 0.1	- 0.3	- 0.5	- 1.0 *				
Multiple errors are added but maximum deduction is: - 0.8 / per element							
*If performed with	a Fall, maximum de	eduction is: -1.0 / p	per element				

D.2. Deductions for Choreography

Evaluate perfect Execution with maximum precision while performing AMP sequences, transitions and Partnerships.

Choreography	Small	Medium	Large	FALL
Start and/or Ending Position	- 0.1	- 0.3		- 1.0
AMP Sequences (each 8-count)	- 0.1	- 0.3		- 1.0
Transitions / Links (each time)	- 0.1	- 0.3	- 0.5	- 1.0
Partnerships/Collaborations (each time)	- 0.1	- 0.3	- 0.5	- 1.0

D.3. Synchronization (MP, TR, GR)

> Evaluate all the competitors performing all movements with identical range of motion, precise timing and same quality as a unit.

Deduction of Synchronization	Small
AMP Sequence (1 unit = 8-counts)	- 0.1 each unit
Difficulty/Acrobatic Elements, Transitions/Links, Partnerships/Collaborations	- 0.1 each time

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5.4 ARTISTRY (A-Jury)

A. FUNCTION

The A-Jury evaluates all components of Choreography matched perfectly with music in order to transform a sport exercise into an artistic performance with creative and unique characteristics while respecting the ideal of Aerobic Gymnastics. In addition, the A-Jury evaluates not only "WHAT" the competitor(s) perform but also "HOW" and "WHERE" they perform it.

<Routine Components>

- AMP Sequences
- Difficulty / Acrobatic Elements
- Transitions / Links
- Partnerships / Collaboration

B. CRITERIA

- > A-Jury evaluates below criteria utilizing the provided Scale.
- Total A-Score is from 5.0 to 10.0 points with increments of 0.1.

COMPOSITION: (6.0 pts)

- 1. Music (max. 2.0 pts)
 - 1.1 Selection / Composition / Editing Quality
- 2. Aerobic Content (max. 2.0 pts)
 - 2.1 Quantity Amount of AMP
 - 2.2 Quality Variety
- 3. General Content (max. 2.0 pts)
 - 3.1 Complexity / Variety
 - 3.2 Space

PERFORMANCE: (4.0 pts)

- 4. Artistic Routine (max. 2.0 pts)
 - 4.1 Construction of the Choreography
 - 4.2 Musicality
- 5. Artistic Performance (max. 2.0 pts)
 - 5.1 Presentation / Quality of the movements

C. SCALE:

> Artistry Scale:

7 ii iio ii y Couloi											
Criteria		Р	oor		Satisf	actory	God	od	Very	Good	Excellent
Music	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0
Aerobic Content	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0
General Content	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0
Artistic Routine	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0
Artistic Performance	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0

Level	Points	The Routine Includes / Shows
Excellent	2.0	An outstanding level
Very Good	1.8 – 1.9	High level
Good	1.6 – 1.7	Average level
Satisfactory	1.4 – 1.5	Low level
Poor	1.0 – 1.3	Poor level

> Reference Range:

Total A-Score	ROUTINES
9.6 – 10.0	Excellent routines
9.0 – 9.5	Very Good routines
8.0 - 8.9	Good routines
7.0 – 7.9	Satisfactory (average) routines
6.0 - 6.9	Low level routines
5.0 - 5.9	Poor level routines

D. CRITERIA DETAILS

COMPOSITION

1. MUSIC (Max. 2.0 points)

The routine must be performed, in its entirety, to music. Any style of music adapted for Aerobic Gymnastics can be used. That means that the music used by the gymnasts should reflect and provide the main characteristics of aerobic gymnastics, and the specificity of the sport and its nature.

1.1 Selection / Composition / Editing Quality (2.0 pts)

<Selection>

- A good musical selection will help establish the structure and pace, as well as
 the theme of the exercise. It will support and highlight the performance. It
 must also be used to inspire the overall choreography and contribute to the
 style and quality of the choreography, as well as to the expression of the
 gymnasts.
- Every routine should have a story / style and the selected music must represent the story / style the gymnast and the choreographer want to transmit.
- The chosen music must give an advantage to the individual competitor's characteristics and style. The music must be suitable for the category and enhance the routine.
- There is both male and female performer/s as well as the different ages of the competitors. To be an individual competitor or a MP, or a TR or a GR are all different: all the music does not fit with all the categories and ages. These differences should be reflected in the chosen music.
- Some music themes can be used by man, woman, MP, TR or GR. The way
 they use and interpret the music will determine and show if the selection was
 appropriate and helped to highlight the performance.

<Composition (structure)>

- The music used by the performers should respect the characteristics of aerobic gymnastics and its nature.
- It should be dynamic, varied <u>(not monotonous)</u>, rhythmical, original (creative), countable (with beats or not, but possible to identify the appropriate timing/tempo for aerobic gymnastics, with a rhythm which can be counted).
- Well balanced between edited beats and original beats and melody of the music.
- Introduction of the music (without moving) is allowed. Gymnast must start moving within a few. seconds after the audible sound (cue sound excluded).

< Editing Quality >

- Technically the music must be perfect, can be the original or can be a version arranged, without <u>abusing extra accents and without excessive use of rhythmical base</u> used as background (too loud/louder than melody); the melody of the song should be audible over the base or background added and not vice versa.
- The recording and mixing of music must be of <u>professional quality</u> and well-integrated, and without any abrupt cuts, giving a sense of one music piece (noise vs. music).
- It should flow, with a clear start and clear ending (fade out is not recommended), with well-integrated sound effects (if they are included), respecting the musical phrases and melody.
- The music used has a structure:
- ⇒ Melody / Story / Style of music (eg; salsa, tango, folk, disco, rock, joyful, dramatic, movie soundtracks etc.)
- ⇒ Opening, ending, phrases, accents, beats
- ⇒ Rhythm, tempo / pace
- ⇒ Themes or musical pieces (one or more, like a medley)
- It is expected that the performers select music with a correct structure and with different parts of the same music or different, in order to avoid monotony of the music used.
- In order to have the appropriated sets of AMP sequences, it is <u>recommended</u> <u>to use</u> music with 8-counts structure which will help the recognition of AMP sequences.
- Rhythm of the music should not be too slow or too fast (recommendation 145-160 BPM) giving advantage to the gymnast to move with the music.

1. MUSIC / SUMMARY						
Criteria	Main Points	Deviation from Excellent (examples)				
1.1 Selection / Composition / Editing Quality	 ♦ Support and highlight the performance and give advantage ♦ Music appropriate for aerobic gymnastics, avoid monotony ♦ Technically perfect, without unnecessary edited beats 	 The chosen music and the competitor's characteristics and style did not match, and/or is not suitable for his/her age or category The chosen music is not for aerobic gymnastics routines (too slow, too fast, uncountable rhythm, beat rhythm only, etc.) Excessive use of rhythmical base as background (too loud/louder than melody=noise) Excessive and/or meaningless use of sound effects or extra accents The rhythm of the music is too slow or too fast. The chosen music is monotonous The arrangement (Mixing) of the music piece is rough, even if only one single song is used Not professional quality. Unnecessary connection of several songs put together so that there is neither a feeling of unification nor a sense of unity. 				

2. AEROBIC CONTENT (Max. 2.0 points)

In the Aerobic Content, we evaluate the Aerobic Movement Patterns (AMP) throughout the routine, with adequate intensity. The series of AMP are the foundation (bases) of Aerobic Gymnastics routines.

The quality (perfect technique) of the AMP is very important in order to be recognizable as a clear sequence.

AMP must include variations of steps with arm movements, to produce combinations with body coordination and must be recognizable as continuous movement patterns.

AMP Sequence / Set means a complete 8-count (unit) of movements with aerobic movement patterns performed in a musical phrase (from the 1st beat to the 8th beat) in order to stay with the music. If the AMP is performed for less than 8 counts, it will not be recognized as an AMP sequence/set and considered as linking movements.

The **AMP sequences** should provide the adequate intensity for the aerobic gymnastics' routines.

2.1 Quantity – Amount of AMP (1.0 pt)

- Throughout the routine, AMP Sequences must be performed. This means, other than Difficulty Elements, Transitions/Linking and Partnerships / collaborations), the routine-should provide a sufficient amount of complete set of AMP sequence.
- One set (unit) of AMP = 8-count (eg. 3-sets (units) =3x8 counts)

• The <u>AMP Block</u> means <u>consecutive and clear AMP Sequences / Sets</u>, which shows the identity of our sport using the <u>traditional aerobic steps</u> with constant rebound and performed without choreographic jumps (e.g.: air jack).

Quantity requirements (sets of AMP sequence)

Category Minimum Including **AMP Sets** Consecutive AMP Block 1 block (3 AMP sets) IM / IW 8 sets MP / TR / GR 9 sets 1 block (4 AMP sets)

<SHORTHAND FOR AMP SEQUENCE (set)>

A for each 8-count set

Without requirements:

- If there are no 8/9 complete AMP sets in the routine, the A-Jury immediately reduce -0.2 / each missing AMP set from the Quantity factor.
- If there is **no Block (3/4 consecutive AMP sets)**, the A-Jury immediately reduce -0.5 from the Quantity factor.

2.2 Quality - Variety (1.0 pt)

- AMP is the base of the Aerobic Gymnastics and main (principal) characteristic (Sports Specific).
- The specific technique of the **basic steps** is described in the Appendix 3.
- The leg movements must show the correct technique (rebound) of Aerobic Basic Steps with coordination and variety.
- The arm movements must be performed with quality showing precision and fluency. Trajectory from one position to another should be natural with various symmetrical/asymmetrical movements with possibility to change the rhythm.

Variety AMP sequences can be achieved by:

- ✓ Involving more body parts (head, shoulders, etc.)
- ✓ Using different joint actions / planes / range of motion / lever length
- ✓ Using symmetric / asymmetric moves
- ✓ Using different rhythm
- ✓ Using both arms simultaneously
- ✓ Speed of motion
- ✓ Orientation changing
- ✓ Formation changing
- ✓ Travelling with AMP sequences
- Throughout the routine. AMP Sequences must show variety without repetition avoiding same or similar type of Sequences during the routine. All basic steps must be used throughout the routine.

- The AMP sequences must represent the style of the music. Combine: basic aerobic steps, dance steps, choreographic jumps (except for the AMP block), body expressions etc. without repetition.
- The AMP Block must be different from the rest of sequences, without choreographic jumps (eagle jump, deer jump, etc). The Block must have traditional aerobic movements without repetitive combination and to show body coordination that produces complex and variety of sequences in order to avoid monotonous and stationary (staving in same place).
- For MP/TR/GR; This Block must be performed close to each other (short **distance**) as a unit with perfect synchronization, possibly using orientation. positioning, formation changes and traveling.

Examples of variations of 7 basic steps.

- ✓ March: angle, height, speed, rhythm change, or directions. (i.e., V-step, turnstep, two-steps, box-step)
- ✓ Jog: angle, speed, rhythm change, and directions
- ✓ **Knee lift:** planes, angle, speed, rhythm change, in High or Low Impact
- ✓ **Kick:** planes, height, speed, rhythm change, in High or Low Impact and directions. (i.e. middle kick, high kick, and vertical kick)
- ✓ **Jumping Jack:** angle at hips and knees speed, rhythm change, in High or Low Impact (squat)
- ✓ **Lunge:** planes, angle, speed, rhythm change, in High or Low Impact
- ✓ **Skip:** planes, angle and directions, speed, rhythm change, in High or Low Impact.

Examples of variation factors for arm movements:

(It is not necessary to use all of the examples)

- Use of symmetrical and asymmetrical moves
- Use of different height (high, low, diagonal)
- Use of different length (bend, extend)
- Use of linear and circular movements
- Use of different rhythm / speed
- Use of different planes (frontal, transverse, sagittal)
- Use of different actions (flexion, extension, abduction, adduction, pronation, supination, etc.)
- Use of different hand positions (palm open, palm closed, fist, etc). The abuse of finger movements is not keeping with the direction of aerobic gymnastics discipline.
- Variation of arm movements does not mean high frequency.
- Arm movements can be in different ranges of motion some of them can be more "delicate" as long as they have a meaning with the idea of the choreography, with the style and the category of the competitor.

Examples of hand actions:

	Flat	Fingers Spread	Clenched Fist	Ellipse shape
Down		Con /		
Front			5	
Up		Hamil M		

Inadequate finger actions (not to be abused):







2. AEROBIC CONTENT / SUMMARY			
Criteria	Main Points	Deviation from Excellent (examples)	
2.1 Amount of AMP		➤ The routines show less than 8 or 9 sets of complete AMP sequences. Missing the Block (3 or 4 AMP sets performed consecutively) from the routine.	
2.2 Variety	 ♦ Use of the coordination criteria ♦ Perfect technique (quality) ♦ Use of the variety criteria 	 Low level of body coordination Excessive use of jogging / chassé actions Missing basic steps No combination of arm movements and leg movements Staying with one type of rhythm in a whole routine Arm movements performed in only double beats (slow) Robotic movements No precise/clear shape of step/arm movements Lack of different arms actions Repetitive arm/leg movements Abusing inadequate finger actions 	

3. GENERAL CONTENT (Max. 2.0 points)

The general content of the routines are:

- ✓ Transitions/ Links
- ✓ Partnerships/ Collaborations
- ✓ Acrobatic elements

3.1 Complexity / Variety (1.0 pt)

- The movements are complex when many body parts are involved simultaneously.
- A movement is complex when:
 - > It requires coordination
 - > It needs technical ability and physical capacity
 - > It is dynamic
 - > It has more fluidity
 - > It is unpredictable.
- To evaluate the variety of the general contents, the A-Jury will take into consideration that all of these movements must be <u>WITHOUT</u>

 **TO EVALUATE TO SERVE THE SERVE TO SERVE THE SERVE TH
 - **REPETITION** or reiteration of the same or similar types of movements.
- Excellent routines must show different types of movements. All of them should include different actions, different forms and different physical capacities during the performance of the transitions/linking and partnership/collaborations. General contents (G) have to be meaningful, fit with the music or show unique movements inside the routine.
- If General contents are <u>significantly repetitive</u> in the routine, the A-Jury reduces -0.2 with different criteria from Complexity/Variety factor.
- The connection from/to movements must be smooth and fluent. All the movements presented in the routine, must be linked without any unnecessary pauses showing agility.
- Excessive pauses in general content will decrease the fluency of the routine and do not match with the characteristics and nature of Aerobic Gymnastics discipline.

Complexity/ Variety requirements:

IM/IW: The routine must be balanced in complexity factor. Showing different length of transitions, using different physical capacities and different forms without repetition of movements in the routine.

MP/TR/GR: Must perform minimum of 3 collaborations with physical contact are required without repetition. If less than 3 collaborations, the A-Jury **reduces -0.2** from Complexity/Variety. The rest of the transitions/links, partnerships/collaborations must be balanced, meaningful and give advantage to the routine. This includes Acrobatic elements.

If different collaborations are shown at the same time (starting at the same time), it is counted as 1 collaboration.

<SHORTHAND FOR GENERAL CONTENT>

In order to evaluate the General Content, will take in consideration the movements as a whole, as a unit (performed in the same period of time):

G for Transition / Link /Partnership movement or a block of movements (1 unit).

C for each Collaboration with physical contact.

< Example of Shorthand (IW) >

G (intro) A E G E+E E G A A Acro+E

G A A A E A G E G A A

G E G (ending)

3.2 Space (1.0 pt)

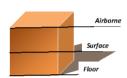
Use of the competition area and formation>

- Throughout the routine, travelling must be shown in all directions (forward, backward, laterally, diagonally and circular) and long and short distances, without repetition of similar traces/tracks.
- In GR category, only covering the surface is not enough to fulfill the criteria of use of the space; they must travel using the AMP sequences in all the directions and distances.

The competition area must be effectively used throughout the routine with well-balanced structure of the choreography, not only the corners and the center of the competition space but all areas of the competition space.



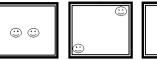




<Formation changes>

- Formations include positions / positioning of the partners and the way in which they change positions to another formation or in the same formation while they are performing AMP or other movements, and distances between the competitors.
- Throughout the routine, different formations and different positions of the team mates must be shown (including distances between gymnasts far versus close)
- The formation changes should be fluent.

→ Possible examples of formations for Mixed Pair:











> Possible examples of formations for Trio:













➢ Possible examples of formations for Group:













<Routine components>

- All three levels (floor-work, standing, airborne) of the competition space must be used. Not more than 32 counts on the floor or in the surface without change the level are recommended.
- All the components of the routine must be properly distributed in both the competition area and the length of the routine.
- The movements must be placed in a balanced way in the competition space (this means for example if there is floor work in the routine, should be placed in different zones). This applies for all the routine components.

3. GENERAL CONTENT / SUMMARY			
Criteria	Main Points	Deviation from Excellent (examples)	
3.1 Complexity / Variety	 Complex versus simple movements Meaningful transitions/links/ partnerships/ collaborations Repetition of movements 	 Lack of complexity in the general content. Linking movements on the floor without meaning. Trying to perform hard and difficult movements and the gymnast(s) is unable to perform it. Repetition or reiteration or the same type of transitions/links, partnerships/collaborations. Excessive pauses or preparation The connections of the movements are not fluent. No meaningful usage of Acrobatic Elements 	
3.2 Space	 ♦ Travelling using AMP sequences (long and short distances) ♦ Use of the competition area and levels ♦ Different formations / distances ♦ Well balance structure of the routine ♦ Place of the movements 	 With aerobic movement patterns, the competitor(s) did not travel in a variety of distances in different directions. Missing travelling trajectory Predominating of the circular track/traces Groups only cover the competition space and use formation changes but not showing travelling Lack of different positions of the competitors Packing more than 4 AMP sequences (except for the compulsory block) Packing more than 3 elements without any AMP sequence in between or more than 32 counts without performing any AMP sequence Performing only in the narrow range area without making effective use of the space. Elements and General contents performed in the same zone of the competition area A predominate use of the competition area Performing in one level for a long time (obvious or significant). 	

PERFORMANCE

4. ARTISTIC ROUTINE (Max. 2.0 points)

Unique / memorable routines include details to enhance the quality of the routine.

All the components of the choreography must fit perfectly together in order to transform a sport exercise into an artistic performance, with creative and unique characteristics by respecting the specificity of Aerobic Gymnastics (<u>clean sport like manner</u>).

Originality / Creativity of the routines, including not only the theme of the exercise according to the music selected but also the innovation and uniqueness in other movements (partnerships, transitions, etc.) performing with natural and genuine expression.

The Opening of the choreography starts with the <u>first movement</u> of the competitor(s). The Opening of the choreography means; any other movements rather than elements.

Each routine should include an "Opening" ("Intro") (for example: 4-8 counts with or without movements) which fit with the music to develop the theme/style of the routine.

A-Jury evaluates the routine as a whole. If there is no intro or it ends directly with an element, artistic routine criteria will not be very good or excellent.

4.1 Construction of the Choreography (1.0 pt)

- The routine should be like <u>a small piece of art</u>, which should give a memorable <u>impression</u>, based on the characteristics of Aerobic Gymnastics.
- Memorable routines are when <u>all the routine components match</u>
 <u>perfectly with the music and the theme/style</u> of the exercise in sport
 manner, captivating and impressing the audience.
- Choreography should present new, creative and original movements (collaborations, transitions, etc)
- Unique movements will emphasize the Artistry of the choreography.
- If routine starts/ends directly with an element, immediately reduce -0.2 / each.

4.2 Musicality (1.0 pt)

- Musicality is the ability of the performer(s) to interpret music and to demonstrate not only its rhythm and speed, but also show its flow, intensity and passion within the physical performance.
- The routine must be performed entirely to music. Choreography utilizes the idea given by the music.
- There must be strong cohesion between the overall performance (movements) and the choice of music. All movements must fit perfectly with the chosen music. In the creative process, the choreographer creates the movements to that specific music and for that specific competitor(s).
- The AMP sequences also must have high correlations with the theme and the style of the music. There must be a reason to include that arm(s) movement, without losing the style of the choreography. The use of the head and the torso during the execution of the AMP may be another possibility to include in the choreography.
- The routine must harmonize with the style of the music. The style of the music should fit with the characteristics and style of the movements presented by the performers respecting the musical phrases. The competitor should be able to express with his/her movements and his/her body language to the music played.
- The choreography must follow the rhythm, the beats, the musical phrases and the melody. Inability to move with the music will result in BGM (back ground music).

	4. ARTISTIC ROUTINE / SUMMARY				
Criteria	Main Points	Deviation from Excellent (examples)			
4.1 Construction of the Choreography	 Routine like small piece of art in sport manner Routine must have a theme or represent the style of the music Includes original/unique movements Memorable routines 	 No theme or style in the routine Missing Opening (intro) and Ending Repetitive and common movements Choreography is separated from the music; the music is only BGM (background music). Movements are off the beat (timing error) during the routine. The movements performed are off the phrase of the music during the routine. The movements do not match with the music structure and/or theme (melody) 			
4.2 Musicality	 ♦ There must be a strong cohesion between the overall performance and the choice of music. ♦ Interpretation of the music ♦ Use the different parts and staying with the music to be meaningful 	The style of the routine bears no relation to the idea of the music and the music was not meaningfully used.			

5. ARTISTIC PERFORMANCE (Max. 2.0 points)

Gymnasts have to transform the composition from a well-structured routine into an artistic performance, using his/her personality, unique style and excellent way of using the music.

Gymnasts must represent their own category and age on the stage.

In MP/TR/GR, they work as a unit, using collaborations/partnerships to show the beauty of the teamwork.

Through expression, transform movements in both gymnastics' elements and choreography, into a singular artistic whole.

They combine the elements of the art and the sport of Aerobic Gymnastics into one attractive message towards the audience, in sport manner.

Gymnasts must, therefore, demonstrate Musicality, Expression and Partnership in addition to the impeccable execution.

The quality (mastery/perfection) of the routine is essential, not only by showing high degree of perfect execution in all difficulty and acrobatic elements, but also in choreography movements (AMP, Transition/linking, partnerships/collaborations, etc.), with the correct technique of all movements.

5.1 Presentation / Quality of the movements (2.0 pts)

5. ARTISTIC PERFORMANCE / SUMMARY

- How a gymnast or group of gymnasts generally present themselves to the jury and the public
- Sharing their own emotions during the routine with the audience with expressions, quality movements and fluidity
- Attitude and range of emotion that is expressed not only on the faces, but with the bodies of the gymnasts
- For MP/TR/GR; The competitors must demonstrate that they are a team as a
 unit and therefore show the advantages of being more than one person. This
 includes the working relationship between the members. Movements must be
 distinctive respecting their competing category.
- When men and women are together in the same category (MP/TR/GR), movements which respect the gender differences are not considered as synchronization mistake.

> Performing with unnatural facial expressions and/or overstated exaggerated facial expressions

For MP/TR/GR, perform like individuals not showing the advantages of the teamwork

Loss of confidence during the routine and a nervous expression appears

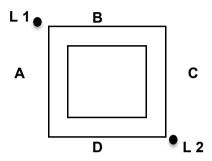
Criteria	Main Points	Deviation from Excellent (examples)
	♦ Impressive routines and perfection	➤ The performance is not adapted at the individual characteristics and category
5.1	Captivate the audience	➤ The movements are so indistinct that there is no clear impression.
Presentation /	♦ Presentation	There is no athletic impression that is appropriate for Aerobic Gymnastics.
Quality of the	♦ Attitude	➤ The movements are vague or look to have been forgotten, making the audience uneasy
movements	♦ Emotions	Not original presentation (copying)
	♦ Uniqueness	There is no commitment to the performance, lack of passion and energy.
	♦ Personality	Many movements are meaningless and lack of spirit in the performance to the audience (tedious
	Relationships between partners	routine)

5.5 LINE JUDGES

A. FUNCTION

The <u>line</u> faults are checked by the Line Judges placed diagonally in 2 of the 4 corners of the stage.

Each judge is responsible for two lines.



L Jury 1: responsible for A and B Lines L Jury 2: responsible for C and D Lines

B. CRITERIA AND DEDUCTIONS

The tape around the stage is part of the competition area; therefore, touching the tape is allowed.

- If any part of body touches the area outside the tape, a deduction will be made.
- Body moving in the air outside the line will not be deducted.
- Line judges will use a red flag to show when a competitor steps outside the line.

Deductions:

• Line fault: each time 0.1 by each competitor

5.6 TIME JUDGES

A. FUNCTION

The time judge is responsible for:

- Late appearance / Walk-over
- Time fault / infraction
- Interruption / stop of the performance

B. CRITERIA AND DEDUCTIONS

- Measurement of time fault / infraction begins with the first audible sound (cue sign / beep sound excluded) and ends with the last audible sound.
- Measurement of time for late appearance / walk over begins with the last sound of the call for the competitor and ends when either the competitor appears or when 60 seconds have elapsed.

If any of above error occurs, the time judge must inform the Chair of Judges Panel who will apply a deduction (see page 24).

CHAPTER 6 SCORING

6.1 GENERAL PRINCIPLE

Artistry score* (A-Score) / Execution score* (E-Score)

4 judges

The highest and lowest scores of the A / E - judges are dropped. The remaining scores are averaged and, provided that the two middle scores are within the tolerated range indicated below, this result is the final A / E - score.

6 judges

The 2 highest and 2 lowest scores of the A / E - judges are dropped. The remaining scores are averaged and, provided that the two middle scores are within the tolerated range indicated below, this result is the final A / E - score.

Maximum deviation allowed for A- and E- scores

During the competitions, the difference between the middle scores taken into account may not be greater than:

Final score between:

10.00 and 8.00 = 0.3 7.99 and 7.00 = 0.4 6.99 and 6.00 = 0.5 5.99 and 0.00 (ART 5.00) = 0.6

If a bigger deviation than indicated above occurs, then the average of all scores is the final score.

Difficulty score* (D-Score)

2 judges

The agreed score is the final D- score.

<Coefficient>

2.0 = IM, IW, MP, TR (men), GR (men)

1.8 = TR (mixed), GR (mixed)

1.7 = TR (women), GR (women)

Difficulty Deduction (-0.5 / per)

Difficulty Deduction will not be divided by 2

Total score

The A- score, the E- score, and D- score are added together and constitute the total score.

FINAL SCORE

The deductions made by the D- Judges, the Line Judges and the Chair of Judges Panel are deducted from the total score to give the FINAL SCORE.

* In a case where a judge fails to give a score in time or does not give a score at all, the average of the given scores will replace the missing score.

Maximum deviation between extremes

For Artistry and Execution:

In case of a deviation of 1.0 or more between the extremes, <u>an analysis</u> of the judges' scores will be made <u>after the competition</u> and appropriate sanctions will be taken.

For Difficulty:

In principle, two judges must send one agreed score. However, in case of a disagreement between the two judges resulting in a deviation of 0.3 or more (before dividing by 2, 1.8 or 1.7), an analysis will be made after the competition and appropriate sanctions will be taken.

Inquiries of the score (see T.R. 8.4)

Inquiries are allowed only for your own federation.

- Inquiries for the D- Score are allowed.
- Inquiries for all other scores are not allowed.

6.2 SCORE CHART

A. ADDITIONS

<u>Artistry</u>	Maximum score per 1 judge	10
Execution	Maximum score per 1 judge	10
Difficulty (divided by 2, 1,8 or 1.7)	E.g. open D- score	3.500

TOTAL SCORE 23.500

B. DEDUCTIONS (see Scoring of each section)

Deductions made by the D- Judges Deductions made by the Line Judges Deductions made by the Chair of Judges Panel

C. SCORING

Artistry is scored according to a scale of a max. of 10.0 points using increments of 0.1.

Execution is scored according to negative judging i.e. starting from 10.0 and subtracting points for execution errors.

Difficulty is scored according to positive judging i.e. adding points from 0.0 and given with 3 digits.

Examples: D- score divided by 1.7

 $6.5 \div 1.7 = 3.82352941... \longrightarrow 3.823$

Deductions are made from the total score to reach the final score.

SCORING EXAMPLE (A + E; 4-judges): TR WITH D- SCORE DIVIDED BY 1.7 Scores counted A-score 9.5 9.2 9.4 9.3 9.350 8.9 8.9 E-score 8.7 8.6 8.800 D- score 6.5 6.5 3.823 $(6.5 \div 1.7 = 3.823)$ **Total score** 21.973 Deductions of the D- Judges 0.5 0.5 -0.5 Line 1 x 0.1 -0.1 Deductions Chair of the Judges Panel Prohibited move 1 x 0.5 -0.5 Incorrect Attire 1 x 0.2 -0.2

SCORING EXAMPLE (A + E; 6-judges): IW WITH D- SCORE DIVIDED BY 2.0

Final score

20.673

						Scores	counted
A-score	9.5	9.3	9.4	9.3	9.2	9.1	9.300
E-score	8.7	8.9	8.6	8.9	8.8	8.5	8.750
D- score $(6.5 \div 2.0 = 3.2)$	50)	6.5	;	6.5			3.250
	,				Total	score	21.300
Deductions of	the D-	Judges					
	0.5	0.5	;				-0.5
Line	1:	x 0.1					-0.1
Deductions Ch	air of tl	he Judge	s Panel				
Prohibited mov		Ū	1 x 0.				-0.5
Incorrect Attire	:		1 x 0.	2			-0.2
					Final	score	20.00

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PART 3 DIFFICULTY GUIDE

Minimum Requirements



Difficulty Elements

GROUP A (FLOOR ELEMENTS)				
FAMILY 1 Dynamic Strength		FAMILY 2 Static Strength	FAMILY 3 Leg Circle	
_	A-Frame	Support	Flair	
Base Name	Straddle Cut	V-Support	Helicopter	
Name	Explosive High-V	Planche / Straddle Planche		

	GROUP B (AIRBORNE ELEMENTS)				
FAMILY 4 Dynamic Jump (Compulsory for IM)		FAMILY 5 Form Jump	FAMILY 6 Split Leap/Jump		
_	Air Turn	Tuck	Switch Split		
Base Name	Free Fall	Cossack	Scissors Leap		
Name	Gainer	Pike	Sagittal Split		
	Butterfly	Straddle/Frontal Split			
	Off Axis				

	GROUP C (STANDING ELEMENTS)			
FAMILY 7		FAMILY 8		
Turns		Flexibility		
		(Not allowed for IM)		
	Turn	Vertical Split		
Base Name	Horizontal Turn	Balance		
Ivanie		Illusion		

**REMINDER:

- \Rightarrow All the Difficulty elements has "starting position", "main phase" and "ending position".
- ⇒ If the element does **NOT** meet the "Minimum Requirements", then the element will not receive a value but is counted in the total number.
- \Rightarrow All elements in all Groups must be performed without a "FALL" / Large error.

<Group B & C: Elements with Turns>

⇒ To be recognized as **elements with turn(s)**, the turn must be completed **minimum of 3/4** of the **last turn** or the element will be downgraded to the next lower value.

Minimum Requirements

GROUP A - FLOOR ELEMENTS

Family 1

Dynamic Strength

> All elements in Family 1 must show the airborne phase.

BASE NAME	MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS
A-Frame	Pike position (90°minimum) in airborne phase.
Straddle Cut	Shoulders higher than hips level before the cut in airborne phase.
Explosive High-V	High-V position must be shown before airborne phase.

Family **2**

Static Strength

> All elements in Family 2 must be held for at least **2-seconds**.

BASE NAME	MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS
Support	Without touch.
V-Support	Without touch.
Planche /	Without touch.
Straddle	The straight body must not exceed 20° above the horizontal.
Planche	Legs must not exceed 20° lower than horizontal.

Family **3**

Leg Circle

> All elements in Family 3 must be performed with the **full rotation of the legs**.

BASE NAME	MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS		
Flair	 From the starting position, swing to FREE front support on both hands. Rotation of the body in support on the hands (one after the other). 		
Helicopter	 Starting from leading leg crossing the other leg. Leg circles must be supported on back. Must complete minimum of 3/4 rotation. The ending position must be facing the same direction as the starting position. 		

GROUP B - AIRBORNE ELEMENTS

Family **4**

Dynamic Jump

For IM: Compulsory to perform at least 1 element from Family 4.

BASE NAME	MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS	
Air Turn	Both feet lands together.	
Free Fall	Hands and feet must land together.	
Gainer	Hands and feet must land together.	
Butterfly	Body must not exceed 45° above or under the horizontal.	
Off Axis	Body must not exceed 45° above or under the horizontal.	



Form Jump

BASE NAME	MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS
Tuck	Tuck form must be shown with knees at least parallel to the floor.
Cossack	Cossack form must be shown with legs at least parallel to the floor.
Pike	Pike form must be shown with legs at least parallel to the floor.
Straddle / Frontal Split	Straddle/Frontal Split form must be shown with legs at least parallel to the floor.



Split Leap / Jump

> All elements in Family 6 must be performed with Split position of **minimum** 170°.

<u> </u>	
BASE NAME	MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS
Switch Split	Straight leading leg at least 45° to the floor.
Leap	
Scissors	Leading leg at least 45°to the floor.
Leap	Switch action must be shown in the airborne phase
Sagittal	Sagittal Split form (body orientation towards front leg) must
Split	be shown in the airborne phase

GROUP C - STANDING ELEMENTS

Family **7**

Turns

- > All elements in Family 7 must be performed with rotation toward the same direction of the supporting leg (en dedans).
- > All elements in Family 7 must be performed without **hopping**.

BASE NAME	MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS		
Turn	Must be performed on the ball of the foot.		
 Must be performed on the ball of the foot. 			
Turn	Lifted leg must not exceed 15° below the horizontal level.		

Family 8

Flexibility

- > All elements in Family 8 are not allowed to perform by IM.
- ➤ All elements in Family 8 must be performed with **minimum of 170°** angle between the legs.

BASE NAME	MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS		
Vertical	Supporting leg must be in vertical position.		
Split	• Supporting leg must not leave the floor.		
Balance	Must be performed on the ball of the foot.		
	Complete (full) rotation with holding lifted leg.		
Illusion	Complete (full) rotation of the free leg.		

PART 4 EXECUTION GUIDE

Deduction Examples



EXECUTION DEDUCTIONS

> ERRORS

Small Error Minor deviation from perfect execution			
Medium Error	Significant deviation from perfect execution	- 0.3	
Large Error	Wrong technique / Touching the floor / 1-Touch	- 0.5	
FALL / Multiple To drop or come down to the floor without control /		- 1.0	
Touches	Multiple Touches		

> **DEDUCTIONS**

Difficulty Elements / Acrobatic Elements					
Small	Medium	Large	FALL *		
- 0.1	- 0.3	- 0.5	- 1.0 *		
Multiple errors are added but maximum deduction is: - 0.8 / per element					
*If performed with a Fall, maximum deduction is: -1.0 / per element					

- > All movements with "Fall" or "Multiple Touches" will be deducted: (1.0)
- > All movements with "1-Touch" will be deducted: (0.5)

Choreography	Small	Medium	Large	FALL	
Start and/or Ending Position of the routine	- 0.1	- 0.3		- 1.0	
AMP Sequences (each 8-count)	- 0.1	- 0.3		- 1.0	
Transitions / Links (each time)	- 0.1	- 0.3	- 0.5	- 1.0	
Partnerships/Collaborations (each time)	- 0.1	- 0.3	- 0.5	- 1.0	

Synchronization (MP, TR, GR)	Small
AMP Sequence	- 0.1 each time
Difficulty/Acrobatic Elements, Transitions/Links,	- 0.1 each time
Partnerships/Collaborations	

EXAMPLE OF GENERAL ERRORS

(List of examples is not exhaustive list)

< Choreography >

- > All movements with "Fall" or "Multiple Touches" will be deducted: (1.0)
- > All movements with "1-Touch" will be deducted: (0.5)
- > Evaluate perfect Execution with maximum precision while performing AMP sequences (each 8-count), transitions and Partnerships.

Examples	Small	Medium
Incorrect body alignment	0.1	0.3
Incorrect feet position	0.1	0.3
Legs / feet bent or apart	0.1	0.3
Uncontrolled arm movements	0.1	0.3
Incorrect / uncontrolled movements	0.1	0.3

< Elements>

- > All movements with "Fall" or "Multiple Touches" will be deducted: (1.0)
- > All movements with "Touch" will be deducted: (0.5)
- > Elements with turns (start from standing): turn starts based on the feet position (direction)

Examples	Small	Mediu	Large
		m	
Incorrect body alignment	0.1	0.3	
Incorrect body form	0.1	0.3	0.5
Adjust or correct hand position	0.1		
Feet not together when landing	0.1	0.3	0.5
Incorrect feet position	0.1	0.3	
Legs / feet bent or apart	0.1	0.3	
Uncontrolled arm movements	0.1	0.3	
Loss of balance	0.1	0.3	0.5
Interruption of the flow of the movements	0.1	0.3	
Wrong technique			0.5
Touching the floor			0.5
Incorrect / uncontrolled PU landing position	0.1	0.3	0.5
Ending in PU position: hands and feet not landing at the same time	0.1	0.3	0.5
Incorrect / uncontrolled Spilt landing position	0.1	0.3	0.5
Incomplete rotation / turn	0.1 (0°- 45°)	0.3 (>45°)	
Extra preparation		0.3	
Acrobatic elements performed on elbow(s)			0.5
PU position: Shoulder is not in line with the upper arm	0.1	0.3	
Wenson position: leg lower than upper triceps, not supported or not immediately	0.1	0.3	
Ending in Split position: Incorrect arm position	0.1	0.3	0.5

EXAMPLE OF SPECIFIC ERRORS – Group A

> All elements with a "Fall" or "Multiple Touches" will be deducted: (- 1.0)

"Family 1" Dynamic Strength	Small	Medium	Large
(A-Frame, Straddle Cut, Explosive High-V)			
Elements without airborne phase			0.5
A-Frame: pike position more than 60°		0.3	
A-Frame: both hands and both feet do not leave			0.5
and/or land the floor at the same time with			
airborne phase			
Straddle Cut: straddle position is not shown			0.5
Straddle Cut: straddle cut is not shown			0.5
Straddle Cut: hips higher than shoulders before			0.5
the cut			
Explosive High-V: back not parallel to the floor		0.3	

"Family 2" Static Strength (Support, V-Support, Planche)	Small	Medium	Large
The skill is not held for at least 2-seconds			0.5
Unbalanced / unstable body during the skill	0.1	0.3	
Straddle Support: legs less than 90°	0.1	0.3	
V-support: legs not in vertical line	0.1	0.3	
High V-support: back not parallel to the floor	0.1	0.3	
High V-support: extra preparation		0.3	
Horizontal Supports: body / legs are not parallel	0.1	0.3	0.5
(above or below) to the floor			
Horizontal Supports: arms not extended	0.1	0.3	
Straddle Planche: legs wider than 120°			0.5

"Family 3" Leg Circle (Flair, Helicopter)	Small	Medium	Large
Flairs: Hips are not lifted during the extension		0.3	
phase			
Flairs: legs pushed forward into straddle position			0.5
Flairs with airborne: missing airborne phase			0.5
Helicopter: turning on the bottom before leg		0.3	
circles			
Helicopter: performed with arms holding legs			0.5
Incomplete turn	0.1	0.3	
	(0°- 45°)	(> 45°)	

EXAMPLE OF SPECIFIC ERRORS – Group B

> All elements with a "Fall" or "Multiple Touches" will be deducted: (- 1.0)

"Family 4" Dynamic Jump (Air Turn, Free Fall, Gainer, Butterfly, Off Axis)	Small	Medium	Large
Feet and hand(s) not landing on the floor at the same time	0.1	0.3	0.5
Free Fall: position of the body above 30° horizontal		0.3	
Gainer: position of the body above horizontal		0.3	
Butterfly: without 1/2 turn on the floor before takeoff.			0.5
Butterfly: uncontrolled arms / legs	0.1		
Butterfly: body not extended in airborne	0.1	0.3	
Butterfly: position of the body (trunk/legs) above or under horizontal	0.1	0.3	
Off Axis: body and legs under horizontal	0.1	0.3	0.5
Off Axis: body axis angle is above 45° horizontal			0.5

"Family 5" Form Jump (Tuck, Cossack, Pike, Straddle/Frontal Split)	Small	Medium	Large
Tuck: Knees lower than waist level	0.1	0.3	0.5
Cossack, Pike, Straddle, Split: leg(s) lower than horizontal line	0.1	0.3	0.5
Straddle/Frontal Split: legs not symmetrical	0.1	0.3	

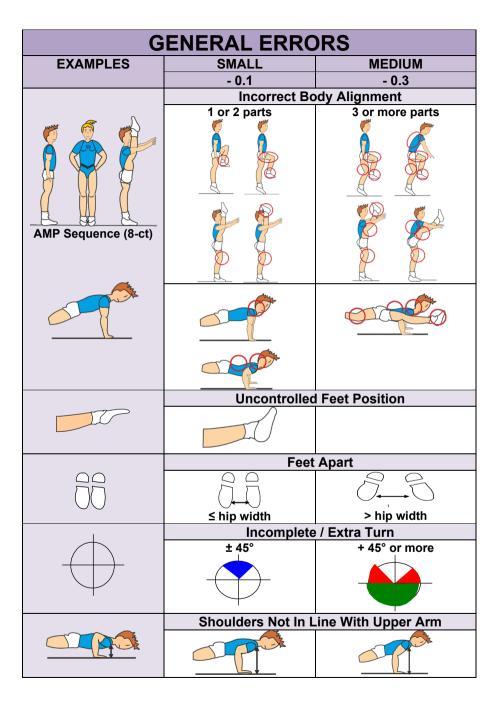
"Family 6" Split Leap / Jump (Switch Split, Scissors Leap, Sagittal Split)	Small	Medium	Large
Scissors Leap, Switch Split: leading leg not minimum 45° to the floor	0.1	0.3	0.5
Split elements: legs angle less than 180°	0.1 (170°)	0.3 (150°)	0.5 (<150°)
Scissors Leap, Switch Split: Body orientation not towards front leg		0.3	
Sagittal Split: Body orientation not towards front leg			0.5

EXAMPLE OF SPECIFIC ERRORS – Group C

- All elements with a "Fall" or "Multiple Touches" will be deducted: (1.0)
 Below deductions are made regardless of "en dedans"

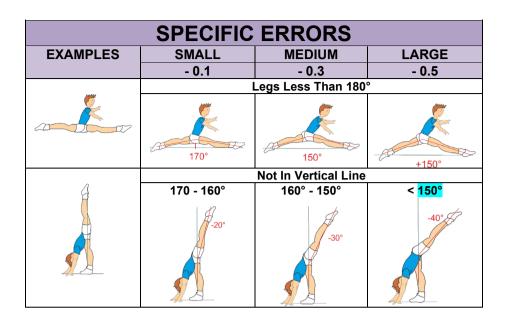
"Family 7" Turns (Turn, Horizontal Turn)	Small	Mediu m	Large
Loss of balance	0.1	0.3	0.5
Lack of continuity (flow) of the skill	0.1	0.3	
Turn with hopping and / or not on the ball of the foot			0.5
Extra preparation		0.3	
Turn with leg horizontal: leg position not horizontal	0.1 (<15°)	0.3 (15°- 45°)	0.5 (> 45°)

"Family 8" Flexibility (Vertical Split, Illusion, Balance)	Small	Medium	Large
Free support elements: hand in support on the		0.3	
leg during the skill			
Split elements: legs angle less than 180°	0.1	0.3	0.5
	(170°)	(150°)	(<150°)
Vertical Split: legs out of vertical line	0.1	0.3	0.5
Vertical Split: supporting foot off the floor			0.5
Illusion: inability to complete the full rotation	0.1	0.3	
Illusion: extra turn after the skill	0.1	0.3	
	(45°)	(>45°)	
Illusion: lack of continuity (flow)	0.1	0.3	
Illusion: full rotation of the free leg out of vertical	0.1	0.3	
line or out of circular trajectory			
Illusion: hopping during the skill		0.3	
Illusion: foot slide during the skill		0.3	
Illusion: touch during the skill			0.5
Balance Turn with hopping and / or not on the ball of the foot			0.5



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SPECIFIC ERRORS				
EXAMPLES	SMALL	MEDIUM	LARGE	
	- 0.1	- 0.3	- 0.5	
	Body / Le	gs Not Parallel To T	he Floor	
	20°	30	45°	
	Kne	ees Not At Waist Le	vel	
	10°	15°	20°	
\cap	li di	ncorrect Body Form	1	
	-15	-20°		
	70°	65°		
	-15	-20'		
- Contraction of the Contraction	Legs	Not Parallel To The	Floor	
Pike	80°	75°	70°	
Cossack	-10°	-15°	-20°	



SPECIFIC ERRORS				
EXAMPLES	SMALL	MEDIUM	LARGE	
	- 0.1	- 0.3	- 0.5	
	Strado	dle Jump not Symme	etrical	

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PART 5 AEROBIC DANCE

FIG Rules and Guidelines



AEROBIC DANCE (8 competitors)

This part should be read in conjunction with the Chapter 5 of the Part 2. If not written in this part, apply the Part 2.

General Information

- Group Choreography of 8 competitors (male/female/mixed), utilizing the Aerobic movements in **Dance Style**.
- The Choreography must have a "THEME" and must express within the choreography.
- The routine must include 32 to 64 counts of 2nd style (Any Style of Dance are allowed) that is different from the rest of the choreography.
- One of the important aspects is the SYNCHRONIZATION of the all members as a unit.
- The routine may include acrobatic and/or difficulty elements, but they will not receive any value.

<AGE>

- Senior: 18 years or more in the year of the competition
- Junior: 15-17 in the year of the competition
- Age Group: 12-14 in the year of the competition



<COMPETITON AREA>

• 10m x 10m

<MUSIC LENGTH>

- Senior: 1' 25" ± 5"
- Junior: 1' 20" ± 5"
- Age Group: 1' 15" ± 5"

<MUSIC>

• Any style of music (world famous or well-known music is recommended)

<COLLABORATION>

Must show minimum of 3 collaborations in the whole routine.

<JUDGES>

CJP (1), E-Jury (4-6), A-Jury (4-6), L-Jury (2), T-Jury (1)

<DRESS CODE>

- Athletic Appearance.
- Unitard or Two-piece leotard (Pants, long leggings, shorts and tops) is allowed.
- The underwear must not be seen.
- Correct support must be worn.
- The attire can be different between the members but should be harmonized.
- Too large (loose) clothes are not allowed.
- The competitor must wear supportive aerobic or sports shoes.
- Hair must be secured to the head.
- Additional items (tubes, sticks, balls, etc.), and accessories (belts, braces, bands, etc.) are not allowed.
- Attire depicting war, violence or religious themes is forbidden.
- No sequins allowed for men.
- A skirt that does not fall further than the pelvic area over the leotard, tights or the unitard is allowed (as in Rhythmic Gymnastics).
- The style of the skirt (cut or decorations) is free, but the look of a ballet "tutu" is forbidden.
- Body paint is not allowed.
- Only skin colour taping is allowed (no braces/grips).
- Leotards that are almost all skin coloured (see Glossary) are not allowed. It appears as nudity on TV.

Chair of Judges' Panel

<FUNCTION>

• See Part 2, Chapter 5

<ACROBATIC ELEMENTS>

The routine may include movements from other disciplines (without excessive use) well integrated into the Choreography.

Senior / Junior:

There is no limitation to perform the **single** Acrobatic Element in a whole routine.

Age Group:

Only A-1 to A-4 Acrobatic element is allowed to perform. A-5 is not allowed to perform except in the collaboration but must land with partner(s) support/help.

If A-5 is performed without collaboration, it will be considered as a prohibited move. If all 8 competitors perform the Acrobatic element, this must be performed <u>at the same time</u> with the <u>same element</u>.

<COMBINATION OF ACROBATIC ELEMENTS>

Senior / Junior:

• Maximum of 2 Acrobatic Elements in combination (=set) may be performed but must perform at the same time.

Examples:

Round off + flic flac + salto = DEDUCTION

Round off + salto = NO DEDUCTION

• Combination of 2 Acrobatic Elements (A+A) is allowed <u>3 times for Senior</u> and <u>2</u> times for Junior in the whole routine

Age Group:

No combination of Acrobatic Elements is allowed.

<PROHIBITED COLLABORATION>

- Pyramid height of the collaboration must not be higher than 2 persons standing in vertical position if included.
- Acro elements in the Collaboration landing without partner(s) support/help (Age Group).

<DEDUCTION>

Make deductions and penalties by the Chair of Judges Panel:

Code	Detail	Deductions
Α	Presentation fault	- 0.2
В	Incorrect Attire	- 0.2 (each criteria)
С	Missing national emblem	- 0.3
D	Time infraction (± 2 sec. of tolerance)	- 0.2
Е	Time fault (± 5 sec. of tolerance or more)	- 0.5
F	Failure to appear on the competition area within 20	- 0.5
	sec.	
G	Prohibited collaboration	- 0.5 (each time)
Н	Prohibited moves	- 0.5 (each time)
l	More Acrobatic Elements than number allowed in a	- 0.5 (each time)
	combination	
J	More Acrobatic Combination than sets allowed	- 0.5 (each time)
L	For Men; Acrobatic Elements landing in Split	- 0.5 (each time)
Χ	Interruption of performance for 2-10 sec.	- 0.5 (each time)
Υ	Stop of performance more than 10 sec.	- 2.0
Z	Themes in contravention of the Olympic Charter and	- 2.0
	the Code of Ethics	
W-1	Presence in prohibited area	Warning
W-2	Improper behavior/manners	Warning
W-3	National tracksuit not being worn (see valid T.R.)	Warning
D-1	Walk-over	Disqualification
D-2	Serious breach of the FIG statues, T.R., COP	Disqualification

Age Group: (additional deduction)

Code	Detail	Deductions
K	Repetition of Acrobatic Elements	- 0.5 (each time)
M	Performing different Acrobatic Elements at the same time	- 0.5 (each time)
N	Performing same acrobatic elements in cannon (not	- 0.5 (each time)
	considered as repetition)	
0	Performing combination of Acrobatic elements (A+A)	- 0.5 (each time)
Р	Performing Acrobatic element not allowed. (AG/JR:	- 0.5 (each time)
	landing without support/help from partners in collaboration)	•

EXECUTION (10 points)

<FUNCTION> (See Part 2, Chapter 5)

All movements must be performed with maximum precision (perfection). Any deviation will be deducted from 10.0 points with increments of 0.1 point.

Evaluate the competitor with weakest or larger mistake as an error.

The E-Jury evaluates the <u>Technical Skills</u> of the whole routine from beginning till the end of the following movements (start / end positions included):

- Synchronization (key to AD)
- AMP Dance Sequences technique (including "2nd Style")
- Transitions & Links
- Partnerships & Collaborations
- Elements (Optional of Difficulty & Acrobatic)

<ERRORS>

Descriptions

Small Error	Minor deviation from perfect execution	
Medium Error	Significant deviation from perfect execution	- 0.3
Large Error		
FALL / Multiple Touches	To drop or come down to the floor without control / Multiple touches	- 1.0

<CRITERIA AND DEDUCTION>

Deductions for Difficulty Elements / Acrobatic Elements (optional)

> Evaluate technical skills of each element performed

Small	Medium	Large	FALL
- 0.1	- 0.3	- 0.5	- 1.0
Multiple errors are	um deduction is:	- 0.8 / per element	

Deductions for Choreography

Evaluate perfect Execution with maximum precision while performing AMP Dance sequences, 2nd Style, transitions and Partnerships.

Choreography	Small	Medium	Large	FALL
Start and/or Ending Position	- 0.1	- 0.3		- 1.0
Dance Sequences	- 0.1	- 0.3		- 1.0
(each 8-count)				
Transitions / Links (each time)	- 0.1	- 0.3	- 0.5	- 1.0
Partnerships /Collaborations	- 0.1	- 0.3	- 0.5	- 1.0
(each time)				

Deductions for Synchronization (no limit)

> Evaluate all the competitors performing all movements with identical range of motion, precise timing and same quality.

Deduction of Synchronization	Small
AMP Sequence (8-count) in dance style	- 0.1 each unit
Difficulty/Acrobatic Elements, Transitions/Links	- 0.1 each time
Partnerships/Collaborations	

ARTISTRY (10 points)

S	CA	۱L	E
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Criteria		Po	or		Satisfa	ctory	Go	od	Very	Good	Excellent
Music	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0
Dance Content	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0
General Content	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0
Artistic Routine	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0
Artistic Performance	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0

<FUNCTION> (See also Part 2, Chapter 5)

The A-Jury evaluates the all components of Choreography that matches perfectly with music and theme in order to transform a sport exercise into an artistic performance with creative and unique characteristics by respecting the specificity of Aerobic Gymnastics in Dance Style.

<Routine Components>

- AMP Sequences in Dance Style
- 2nd Style
- Difficulty / Acrobatic Elements (optional)
- Transitions / Links
- Partnerships / Collaboration

<THEME>

The routine must have a "THEME". It should give a story to the choreography. Not only with the attire but with the movements and music (respecting the sport manner). The team must present choreography as a unit.

<AMP Sequences in Dance Style>

With respect of the specificity of Aerobic Gymnastics, AMP Sequences should be performed more freely. Utilizing whole body and head and move like in a Dance. This should be not like a robotic movement. Must include minimum of 6 AMP sets in Dance Style (excluding 2nd Style).

This does not mean to be moving body without control. The body must be in control with variety of movements throughout the routine.

<Block of AMP sets>

In AD, the Block of AMP sets are replaced with the 2nd Style. Therefore, the Block of AMP sets are not required.

<2nd STYLE>

Must include **32 to 64 counts of** "**2**nd **Style**" (Any Style of Dance are allowed) that is different from the rest of the choreography. 2nd Style must be well integrated and should not be separated from the choreography.

This will be evaluated as same system as the Block of AMP sets.

COMPOSITION: (6.0 pts)

- 1. Music (max. 2.0 pts)
 - 1.1. Selection / Composition / Editing Quality
- 2. Dance Content (max. 2.0 pts)
 - 2.1. Quantity Amount of AMP
 - 2.2. Quality Variety
- 3. General Content (max. 2.0 pts)
 - 3.1. Complexity / Variety
 - 3.2. Space

PERFORMANCE: (4.0 pts)

- 4. Artistic Routine (max. 2.0 pts)
 - 4.1. Construction of the Choreography
 - 4.2. Musicality
- 5. Artistic Performance (max. 2.0 pts)
 - 5.1. Presentation / Quality of the movements

PART 6 AEROBIC STEP

FIG Rules and Guidelines



AEROBIC STEP (8 competitors)

This part should be read in conjunction with the Chapter 5 of the Part 2. If not written in this part, apply the Part 2.

General Information

- Group choreography (8 competitors, any composition), utilizing the Aerobic basic steps and arm movements with equipment (Step), performing to the music. The routine must NOT include any Difficulty and Acrobatic elements.
- The Choreography must have a "THEME" and must express within the choreography.
- The routine must use the Step (platform) to the maximum throughout the routine by stepping with Aerobic Basic Steps in combination with arm movements.
- The routine must include consecutive 3sets of 8-count (24-counts) stepping performed by all members on the same Step (platform) without moving or changing the Step.
- One of the important aspects is the **SYNCHRONIZATION** of all members as a unit.
- Acrobatic and/or difficulty elements are not allowed.

<AGE>

- Senior: 18 years or more in the year of the competition
- Junior: 15-17 in the year of the competition



<COMPETITON AREA>

• 10m x 10m

<MUSIC LENGTH>

• Senior: 1' 25" ± 5"

• Junior: 1' 20" ± 5"

<MUSIC>

• Any style of music (world famous or well-known music is recommended)

<COLLABORATION>

- Maximum of 3 collaborations in the whole routine.
- Acro elements not allowed may be included in the Collaboration if ONLY with partner(s) support/help when landing.

<JUDGES>

CJP (1), E-Jury (4-6), A-Jury (4-6), L-Jury (2), T-Jury (1)

<DRESS CODE>

- Athletic Appearance.
- Unitard or Two-piece leotard (Pants, long leggings, shorts and tops) is allowed.
- The underwear must not be seen.
- Correct support must be worn.
- The attire can be different between the members but should be harmonized.
- Too large (loose) clothes are not allowed.
- The competitor must wear supportive aerobic or sports shoes.
- Hair must be secured to the head.
- Additional items (tubes, sticks, balls, etc.), and accessories (belts, braces, bands, etc.) are not allowed.
- Attire depicting war, violence or religious themes is forbidden.
- No sequins allowed for men.
- A skirt that does not fall further than the pelvic area over the leotard, tights or the unitard is allowed (as in Rhythmic Gymnastics).
- The style of the skirt (cut or decorations) is free, but the look of a ballet "tutu" is forbidden.
- Body paint is not allowed.
- Only skin colour taping is allowed (no braces/grips).
- Leotards that are almost all skin coloured (see Glossary) are not allowed. It appears as nudity on TV.

Chair of Judges' Panel

<FUNCTION>

See Part 2, Chapter 5

<PROHIBITED MOVEMENTS>

- Building (stacking) the Steps (platforms) is not allowed except in the final pose, if included.
- Propelling (throwing in the air) the step(s).
- Violently handling the step (to kick and/or to throw the step/s to the other competitor/s or in the air).
- Any difficulty / acrobatic element.
- Jump from the step to the other step.
- Prohibited moves are not allowed. (See Part 2, Chapter 5).

<PROHIBITED COLLABORATION>

- Pyramid height of the collaboration must not be higher than 2 persons standing in vertical position if included.
- Acro elements in the Collaboration landing without partner(s) support/help.

<DEDUCTION>

Make deductions and penalties by the Chair of Judges Panel:

Code	Detail	Deductions			
Α	Presentation fault	- 0.2			
В	Incorrect Attire	- 0.2 (each criteria)			
С	Missing national emblem	- 0.3			
D	Time infraction (± 2 sec. of tolerance)	- 0.2			
Е	Time fault (± 5 sec. of tolerance or more)	- 0.5			
F	Failure to appear on the competition area within 20	- 0.5			
	sec.				
G	Prohibited collaboration	- 0.5 (each time)			
Н	Prohibited moves	- 0.5 (each time)			
S	Performing Difficulty / Acrobatic elements	- 0.5 (each time)			
T	More than 3 collaborations	- 0.5 (each time)			
X	Interruption of performance for 2-10 sec.	- 0.5 (each time)			
Υ	Stop of performance more than 10 sec.	- 2.0			
Z	Themes in contravention of the Olympic Charter and	- 2.0			
	the Code of Ethics				
W-1	Presence in prohibited area	Warning			
W-2	Improper behavior/manners	Warning			
W-3	National tracksuit not being worn (see valid T.R.)	Warning			
D-1	Walk-over	Disqualification			
D-2	Serious breach of the FIG statues, T.R., COP	Disqualification			

EXECUTION (10 points)

<FUNCTION> (See Part 2, Chapter 5)

All movements must be performed with maximum precision (perfection). Any deviation will be deducted from 10.0 points with increments of 0.1 point.

Evaluate a competitor with weakest or larger mistake as an error.

The E-Jury evaluates the <u>Technical Skills</u> of the whole routine from beginning till the end of the following movements (start / end positions included):

- Synchronization (key to AS)
- Stepping technique
- Transitions & Links
- Partnerships & Collaborations
- Placement of the Steps on the floor.

<ERRORS>

Descriptions

Small Error	Minor deviation from perfect execution	- 0.1
Medium Error	Significant deviation from perfect execution	- 0.3
Large Error	Wrong technique / Touching the floor / 1-	- 0.5
_	touch	
FALL / Multiple Touches	To drop or come down to the floor without control / Multiple touches	- 1.0

<CRITERIA AND DEDUCTION>

Deductions for Choreography

> Evaluate perfect Execution with maximum precision while performing Step sequences, transitions and Partnerships.

Choreography	Small	Medium	Large	FALL
Start and/or Ending Position	- 0.1	- 0.3		- 1.0
Step Sequences	- 0.1	- 0.3		- 1.0
(each 8-count/unit)				
Transitions / Links (each time)	- 0.1	- 0.3	- 0.5	- 1.0
Partnerships/Collaborations	- 0.1	- 0.3	- 0.5	- 1.0
(each time)				
Handling of the Step				- 1.0

Deductions for Synchronization (no limit)

The work must be synchronized or in cannon.

> Evaluate all the competitors performing all movements with identical range of motion, precise timing and same quality.

Deduction of Synchronization	Small
Step Sequences (8-count)	- 0.1 each unit
All other movements	- 0.1 each time

ARTISTRY (10 points)

SCALE

Criteria		Po	or		Satisfa	ctory	Go	od	Very	Good	Excellent
Music	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0
Step Content	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0
General Content	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0
Artistic Routine	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0
Artistic Performance	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0

<FUNCTION> (See also Part 2, Chapter 5)

The A-Jury evaluates all components of Choreography that matches perfectly with music and theme to transform a sport exercise into an artistic performance with creative and unique characteristics by respecting the specificity of Aerobic Gymnastics and Aerobic Step.

<Routine Components>

The step routines should include:

- Step actions with different orientations and approaches to the step
- Formation changes, and different way to carry the step from one place to another
- Partnerships (collaboration) between the members of the group and the step (position of the step, use of the step)

The movements must be adequate for step (platform) and involve to the maximum of stepping with less choreography on the surface.

<THEME>

The routine must have a "THEME". It should give a story to the choreography. Not only with the attire but with the movements (stepping) and music (respecting the sport manner). The team must present choreography as a unit.

<STEPPING>

Stepping with Aerobic Basic Steps (Step-up/Step-down, V-step, Knee-Lift, Kick, Step touch, Tap-up/Tap-down, Turn Step, Over the Top, Lunge, etc.) throughout the routine in combination with arm movements.

This does not mean show the repetitions of the same stepping as in fitness class. Must demonstrate minimum of 9 stepping sets (including the Consecutive 3-sets) with variety of stepping throughout the routine.

<FORMATIONS>

Choreography must show the change of formations in variety with or without the step (platform).

<CONSECUTIVE 3 SETS>

The routine must include consecutive 3 sets of 8-count (24-counts) stepping performed by all members on their own Step without moving the Steps (platforms).

This will be evaluated as same system as the Block of AMP sets.

COMPOSITION: (6.0 pts)

- 1. Music (max. 2.0 pts)
 - 1.1. Selection / Composition / Editing Quality
- 2. Step Content (max. 2.0 pts)
 - 2.1. Quantity Amount of Sets
 - 2.2. Quality Variety
- 3. General Content (max. 2.0 pts)
 - 3.1. Complexity / Variety
 - 3.2. Space

PERFORMANCE: (4.0 pts)

- 4. Artistic Routine (max. 2.0 pts)
 - 4.1. Construction of the Choreography
 - 4.2. Musicality
- 5. Artistic Performance (max. 2.0 pts)
 - 5.1. Presentation / Quality of the movements



APPENDIX 1

WORLD AGE GROUP COMPETITION



WORLD AGE GROUP COMPETITIONS PROGRAMME 2022 – 2024

	National Development	Age Group	Junior
AGE	9-11 in the year of the competition	12-14 in the year of the competition	15-17 in the year of the competition
CATEGORIES	IM, IW, MP, TR, GR	IM, IW, MP, TR, GR, AD (8 competitors)	IM, IW, MP, TR, GR, AD, AS (AD/AS; 8 competitors)
COMPETITION SPACE	IM / IW / MP / TR: 7 X 7 GR: 10 X 10	IM / IW: 7 X 7 MP/ TR / GR / AD: 10 X 10	All Categories: 10 X 10
COMPETITION PROGRAMME		WAGC: QUALIFICATIONS: <im, ad="" gr,="" iw,=""> 1 unit per country and per categories <mp, tr=""> 2 units per country and per categories FINALS: <all categories=""> The 8 best units in EACH CATEGORY</all></mp,></im,>	WAGC: QUALIFICATIONS: <im, ad,="" as="" gr,="" iw,=""> 1 unit per country and per categories <mp, tr=""> 2 units per country and per categories FINALS: <all categories=""> The 8 best units in EACH CATEGORY</all></mp,></im,>
EXCEPTIONS	No 1 arm support	No 1 arm support	
MUSIC LENGTH	1 minute 15	5 seconds (+/- 5sec)	1 minute 20 sec. (+/- 5sec)
DIFFICULTY ELEMENTS	Maximum: 7 elements IM: Family 4 is NOT compulsory Family 8 is NOT allowed	Maximum: 7 elements IM: Family 4 is NOT compulsory Family 8 is NOT allowed	Maximum 7 elements Must perform minimum of 4 families IM: same rule as Senior
ACROBATIC ELEMENTS (No repetition)	2 elements from A1 to A2 (optional)	2 elements from A1 to A4 (optional)	2 elements from A1 to A5 (optional) No repetition and Salto 360° without twist ONLY. <im iw=""> 1 combination of Acrobatic Elements (A+A) allowed and will be counted as 1 combination.</im>
COMBINATION OF DIFF/ACRO ELEMENTS	No combination	2 diff elements or diff/Acro elements allowed (A+D / D+D / D+A)	2 diff elements or diff/Acro elements including Compulsory elements allowed (A+D / D+D / D+A)
TOTAL COMBINATION SET ALLOWED	0	Maximum 1 set of combination (A+D / D+D / D+A)	Maximum 1 set of combination (A+D / D+D / D+A) IM/IW: include A+A
SET ALLOWED		pmbination set than allowed will be deducted by I	
COMPULSORY ELEMENTS MB/TB/GB: must perform the	3 elements Combination not allowed (PU / W-PU: no minimum requirements. PU recommendation: shoulders in line with the upper arm)	4 elements Combination of Compulsory elements not allowed 1 Helicopter 2 Straddle or L- Support (max to 1/1turn)	7 elements Combination of compulsory elements allowed ① 0.8 value (optional): Maximum 1 element ② 0.7 value: Minimum 1 and maximum 2 elements
MP/TR/GR: must perform the same compulsory element at the same time	① PU or Wenson PU ② Straddle Support ③ Air Turn	③ Tuck Jump 1/1 turn ④2/1 turn Group B & C: If performed with incomplete rotation (as in the CoP), Downgraded and Missing Compulsory deduction will apply.	③ 0.6 value or lower: 4, 5 or 6 elements If no element from 0.7 value, it will be a deduction for Missing Compulsory including downgraded.
ELEMENTS ALLOWED VALUE	0.1 - 0.4	0.2 - 0.6	0.2 – 0.8
COEFFICIENT DIFF		The total Difficulty score will be divided by 2 for a	all categories

	National Development	Age Group	Junior			
AGE	9-11 in the year of the competition	12-14 in the year of the competition	15-17 in the year of the competition			
PUSH UP / SPLIT LANDING (Difficulty Elements (Group B) / Acrobatic Elements)	<im> No PU and Split landing IW/MP/TR/GR > No PU landing Maximum 1 element landing to SPLIT</im>	<im> Maximum 1 element landing to PU No Split landing elements IW/MP/TR/GR > Maximum 1 element landing to PU OR Maximum 1 element landing to Split </im>	<im> Maximum 2 elements landing to PU No Split landing elements IW/MP/TR/GR> Maximum 1 element landing to PU AND Maximum 1 element landing to Split</im>			
COLLABORATIONS (Artistry; see also pg.34)	Minimum 1 collaboration Minimum 2 collaborations Minimum 3 collaborations Acro elements not allowed may be included in the Collaboration if ONLY with partner(s) support / help when landing. If landing is NOT supported / helped, it will be a deduction from CJP.					
ATTIRE	FIG Code of Points (no make-up) Optional tights, form fitting body shorts allowed (boys and girls)	FIG Code of Points (LIGTHT make-up)	FIG Code of Points			
JUDGES' PANEL	For National Development: 2-4 A-Jury, 2-4 E-Jury, 1-2 D-Jury, 2 L-Jury, 1 T-Jury, 1 CJP For WAGC: 4-6 A-Jury, 4-6 E-Jury, 2 D-Jury, 2 L-Jury, 1 T-Jury, 1 CJP According to the FIG Judges rules, the FIG Technical Regulations, the Aerobic Gymnastics Code of Points.					

Deductions

	National Development	Age Group	Junior
AGE	9-11 years old in the year of the competition	12-14 years old in the year of the competition	15-17 years old in the year of the competition
DIFFICULTY DEDUCTIONS (-0.5 EACH TIME)	 More than 7 elements Compulsory elements: missing or in any combination or not at the same time Elements with 0.5 value or more Performing elements not allowed Elements landing to PU IW, MP, TR, GR; More than 1 jump element landing to split Combination of elements Repetition of an element 	 More than 7 elements Compulsory elements: missing or in any combination or not at the same time Elements with 0.7 value or more Performing elements not allowed More than 1 jump element landing to PU or Split More set of combination of elements allowed (D+D, D+A, A+D) Combination of 3 elements Repetition of an element 	 More than 7 elements Less than 4 families Missing Compulsory: Not performing 1 element of 0.7 value Elements with 0,9 value or more Performing elements not allowed (IM: Family 8) IM: Missing Family 4 IM: More than 2 PU landing IM; Split landing (Group B) IW, MP, TR, GR; More than 1 Split landing IW, MP, TR, GR; More than 1 PU landing Combination of 3 elements More set of combination of elements allowed (D+D, D+A, A+D, A+A) Repetition of an element
CJP DEDUCTION (-0.5 EACH TIME) (See also pg.25)	 Performing Acrobatic elements (A3 to A5) Performing more than 2 Acrobatic elements and or in combination Performing Prohibited moves 	 Performing Acrobatic elements (A5) without collaboration Performing more than 2 Acrobatic elements and or in combination Acro elements (A5) landing without support / help from partners in collaboration Performing Prohibited moves 	 Performing Salto 360° with twist Performing more than 2 Acrobatic elements IM: Acrobatic elements landing in Splits MP/TR/GR: Combination of Acro elements Acrobatic elements (A5) landing without support / help from partners in collaboration Performing Prohibited moves

^{**} All the rules which are not mentioned in the Appendix 1, the CoP (Part 1 & 2) apply

APPENDIX 2

SHORTHAND SYMBOLS



FORM								
Straight Straddle Pike Tuck Cossack								

PLACE THE BODY							
Airborne (in the air)	In Support	Landing from Airborne	Jump (Feet / Foot)				
							

FORM AND ACTIONS									
Switch	Switch Straddle Balance Free Support Lateral 1 Arm / 1 Leg								
Z		~	+	\longrightarrow	Leg or take off: 1 on left Arm or landing: 1 on right				

ROTATION (TURN / TWIST)								
1/2 turn (180°)	1/1 turn (360°)	1 1/2 turn (540°)	2/1 turn (720°)	2 1/2 turn (900°)	3/1 turn (1080°)			
U	0	Ø	×	≫	*			
1/2 twist (180°)	1/1 twist(360°)	1 1/2 twist (540°)	2/1 twist (720°)	2 1/2 twist (900°)	3/1 twist (1080°)			
6	6	6	(00)	600	600			

DIFFICULTY ELEMENTS									
Push Up	Wenson PU	Straddle Cut		GROUP A (Floor Elements) Reverse Cut A-Frame			High-V	Flair	
/	w	$\stackrel{\checkmark}{\downarrow}$	₹ ♦			<u>A</u>		7	\times
Helicopter	Straddle Supp	ort L-Supp	L-Support V-Su		ort	High V-Su	pport	Straddle Planche	Planche
<u>*</u>				<u>"</u>		/2_)		>=-	+

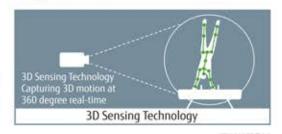
GROUP B (Airborne Elements)								
Air Turn	Free Fall	Gainer Butterfly		Off Axis	Tuck	Cossack		
<u>O</u>	f1	Sen	B	re	<u>N</u> <u>w</u>			
Pike	Straddle	Frontal Split	Scissors Leap	Switch Split	Split (sagittal)			
<u> </u>	\triangle	<u> </u>	X	Z		<u></u>		

GROUP C (Standing Elements)								
Turn	Horizontal Turn Split (sagittal) Vertical Split Illusion Free Illusion Balance Turn							
0	50	9	d	\	fi	5 A 0		



More advanced, more accurate and in real-time. Fujitsu's 3D sensing technology accurately analyzes and digitalizes the technique of world class gymnasts, which is very hard for the human eye to follow.

Fujitsu's 3D laser sensor irradiates 2 million lasers per second, and generates 3D data on gymnast's performances in real time, then AI recognizes their joint positions and analyzes the movements. Digitalization of human movement will enable us to create a new future for sports; for athletes, spectators/audience and judges. Fujitsu will continue to evolve the gymnastics world with its cutting edge technologies.



APPENDIX 3

7-BASIC STEP DESCRIPTION



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AER CoP 2022-2024

Name	Description (all the steps must be performed with	rebound – interlocking with hip, knee, foot joints)	Optimal Step
March	 Leg is bending in front of body: Hip and knee flexion. Ankle shows clear movement, toe-ball-heel. Total movement is upwards, not downwards. Upper body is erect with neutral spine, natural alignment. 	 Upper body shows core strength, no co-movement upwards-downwards or forwards-backwards. Amplitude: From neutral position to full plantar flexion of ankle, 30-40 ° flexion in hip and knee 	
Jog	 Lower leg is lifted maximally backwards to the gluteus. Neutral hip or slight hip flexion or extension (+/- 10°). Knee flexion. Ankle is showing plantar flexion at top position. 	 Feet show controlled movement, landing toe-ball-heel. Upper body is erect with neutral spine, natural alignment. Amplitude: Neutral position to 0-10° hip extension, 110-130° knee flexion, full plantar flexion 	
Skip	 Skip starts as a jog with hip extension, knee flexion and heel backwards to the gluteus to set of a low kick with hip flexion of 30-45 ° and full knee extension to 0 ° - a skip. Movement is seen in both hip and knee. 	 Muscle control is shown through all of the movement. Lower leg is stopped by the quadriceps. Upper body stays erect with neutral spine, natural alignment. Amplitude: From neutral hip to 30-45 ° flexion, from full knee flexion to complete extension 	
Knee lift	 Working leg shows a high degree of flexion in hip and knee, minimum 90° flexion in both joints. When thigh of moving is at the top position, the lower leg is vertical, with ankle plantar flexion. Elevated Ankle can be dorsal or plantar flexed but muscle control must show. 	 Standing leg is straight, maximum knee/hip flexion is approx. 10 °. Upper body stays erect with neutral spine, natural alignment. Amplitude: From neutral position to minimum 90 ° flexion in hip and knee of working leg. 	
Kick	 Straight leg high kick, minimum amplitude: heel at shoulder height, approx. 145°. Only movement is hip flexion. Leg is straight – knee joint is showing no movement. Ankle is plantar flexed throughout movement. 	 Standing leg stays straight, maximum knee/hip flexion approx 10°. Upper body stays erect with neutral spine, natural alignment. Amplitude: From neutral position to 150-180o hip flexion in working leg. Knee shows full extension throughout movement. 	
Jumping Jack	 A hop out and in with legs bending. Natural outwards rotation in hip joint. Landing is with feet further than shoulder width apart, knees and feet point outwards. Controlled but powerful take off and landing. Precise and controlled movement of ankle and foot – toe-ball-heel action. 	 Hopping in: Feet/heels together, toes point forward (preferred) or outward. Upper body is erect with neutral spine, natural alignment. Amplitude: From neutral position to approximately shoulder width plus 2 foot lengths apart with 25-45° flexion in hip/knees (more if in super low or low with grand plié position) 	
Lunge	 Legs/feet start together or shoulder width apart, no outward rotation at hip. One leg is extended (without locking the knee) backwards in the sagittal plane. Heels are lowered with control. Feet stay in sagittal plane. Whole body moves (side to side) as a unit. 	 Low impact: Body slightly forward (front leg is weight bearing), straight line from neck to heel. High impact: Legs are hopping, alternating, in the sagittal plane in a cross-country skiing motion. Amplitude: Approx. 2-3 feet apart in sagittal plane. (Lunge variations = different amplitudes). 	

APPENDIX 4

DIFFICULTY ELEMENTS DESCRIPTION



GROUP A - FLOOR ELEMENTS

Family 1

Dynamic Strength

Base Name: **A-FRAME**

No.	Value	PUSH UP		
A 101	0.1	 Front support. Perform a push up with the downward and the upward phase. Return to front support. 		
No.	Value	EXPLOSIVE A-FRAME		
A 104	0.4	 Front Support. Pushing off the floor, the body is lifted upwards to allow it to pike while airborne. The pike requires vertical legs and knees close to the chest. Land in Push up 		Ā
No.	Value	EXPLOSIVE A-FRAME ½ TURN		
A 106	0.6	 Front support. Pushing off the floor, the body is lifted upwards to allow it to pike while airborne and then, 		Ă
No.	Value	EXPLOSIVE A-FRAME TO SPLIT		
A114	0.4	 Front Support. Pushing off the floor, the body is lifted upwards to allow it to pike while airborne. The pike requires vertical legs, knees close to the chest. Show a Split when both hands and foot contact the floor 	1 2 3 4 5	<u> </u>
No.	Value	EXPLOSIVE A-FRAME ½ TURN TO SPLIT		
A 116 0.6 1. Front support. 2. Pushing off the floo the body turns 180° 3. The airborne pike re		 Pushing off the floor, the body is lifted upwards to allow it to pike while airborne and then, the body turns 180°. The airborne pike requires vertical legs, knees close to the chest. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	Ă≞
No.	Value	WENSON PUSH UP		
A 122	0.2	 Front Support with one extended leg supported on the upper part of the Triceps of the same side (Wenson). Both legs must be straight. From Wenson a push up is performed. Finish in Front Support. 	0 1 2	ω

No.	Value	EXPLOSIVE A-FRAME TO WENSON			
A 125	1. Front Support. 2. Pushing off the floor, the body is lifted upwards in order to allow it to pike while airborne. 3. The pike requires vertical legs, knees close to the chest. 4. Show a Wenson push up when both hands and foot contact the floor		Aw		
No.	Value	EXPLOSIVE A-FRAME ½ TURN TO WENSON			
A 127	0.7	 Front support. Pushing off the floor, the body is lifted upwards to allow it to pike while airborne and then, the body turns 180°. The airborne pike requires vertical legs, knees close to the chest. Show a Wenson push up when both hands and foot contact the floor. 		<u>Ă</u> w	
No.	Value	EXPLOSIVE A-FRAME TO LIFTED WENSON			
		 Front Support. Pushing off the floor, the body is lifted upwards to allow it to pike while airborne. The pike requires vertical legs and knees close to the chest. Show a Lifted Wenson push up when both hands contact with the floor 			
A 136	0.6	3. The pike requires vertical legs and knees close to the chest.	1 2 3 4 5 6	Aw	
A 136	0.6	3. The pike requires vertical legs and knees close to the chest.	1 2 3 4 5	Aw	

Family 1

Dynamic Strength

Base Name: STRADDLE CUT

No.	Value	STRADDLE CUT		
A 145	0.5	 Front Support. After the arms bend, both arms and legs push the body upwards into airborne. While airborne, the legs straddle sideways and cut forward to land extended in rear support, feet lifted off the floor during the skill. Back support (or rear support). 	1 2 3 4 5	*
No.	Value	STRADDLE CUT ½ TWIST TO SPLIT		
A 147	0.7	 Front Support. Perform a Straddle-Cut. Airborne phase must be shown before the cut. During the Straddle Cut, in the flight phase, the body twists 180°. Land in Split. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	Xe=

No.	Value	STRADDLE CUT ½ TWIST TO PUSH UP		
A 148	0.8	 Front Support. Perform a Straddle-Cut. Airborne phase must be shown before the cut. During the Straddle Cut, in the flight phase, the body twists 180°. Land in Push up. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	X 6 11
No.	Value	STRADDLE CUT ½ TWIST TO WENSON		
A 149	0.9	 Front Support. Perform a Straddle-Cut. Airborne phase must be shown before the cut. During the Straddle Cut, in the flight phase, the body twists 180° degrees. Wenson. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	Lew
No.	Value	STRADDLE CUT ½ TWIST TO LIFTED WENSON		
A 150	1.0	 Front Support. Perform a Straddle-Cut. Airborne phase must be shown before the cut. During the Straddle Cut, in the flight phase, the body twists 180° degrees. Land in lifted Wenson. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	Xew.

Family 1 Dynamic Strength

Base Name: **EXPLOSIVE HIGH-V**

NI.	\/-l	EVELOUNE HIGH V/1/ TM/OT TO BUOLINE		
No.	Value	EXPLOSIVE HIGH-V ½ TWIST TO PUSH UP		
A 157	0.7	 High V support. Extending the legs upwards and forward, execute a 180° twist, straight body, legs together. Push up. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	P611
No.	Value	EXPLOSIVE HIGH-V ½ TWIST TO SPLIT		
A 158	0.8	 High V support. Extending the legs upward and forward, push the floor for raising the top of the body upward and forward while twisting 180°. Simultaneously, open the legs in the sagittal plane. Sagittal Split. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	P =
No.	Value	EXPLOSIVE HIGH-V ½ TWIST TO WENSON		
A 159	0.9	 High V support. Extending the legs upwards and forward, execute a 180° twist While twisting, the body extends. Wenson. 	1 2 3 4 5	New

No.	Value	EXPLOSIVE HIGH-V REVERSE STRADDLE CUT TO PU		
A 160	1.0	 High V support. Extending the legs upwards and forward, push the floor for raising the top of the body upward and forward, and perform a straddle-cut during the airborne phase to a front support. Push Up 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	PKn

Family 2 Static Strength

Base Name: L SUPPORT

No.	Value	L-SUPPORT		
A 202	0.2	 Seated legs together. Both hands are placed at the side of the body close to the hips. The body is supported by both arms with only the hands in contact with the floor. Hips are flexed and legs parallel to the floor. Hold for 2 seconds.)
No.	No. Value L-SUPPORT 1/1 TURN			
A 204	0.4	 L-support. The body turns 360°.Hold for 2 seconds, at the start, during or end of the turn. Changing hands on the floor up to 4 times. L-support. 		(ا_ه
No.	Value	L-SUPPORT 2/1 TURNS		
A 206	0.6	 L-support. The body turns 720°. Changing hands on the floor up to 8 times. L-support. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	× ()

Family 2 Static Strength

Base Name: STRADDLE SUPPORT

No.	Value	STRADDLE SUPPORT	
A 212	0.2	 Straddle seat. The body is supported by both arms with only the hands in contact with the floor. Both hands are placed in front of the body. Hips are flexed and legs straddled (minimum width 90°) and parallel to the floor. Hold for 2 seconds. 	\triangle

No.	Value	STRADDLE SUPPORT 1/1 TURN	
A 214	0.4	1. Straddle support. 2. The body turns 360°. 3. Hold for 2 seconds, at the start, during or end of the turn. 4. Changing hands on the floor up to 4 times.	
No.	Value	STRADDLE SUPPORT 2/1 TURNS	
A 216	0.6	 Straddle support. The body turns 720°. Hold for 2 seconds, at the start, during or end of the turns. Changing hands on the floor up to 8 times. 	
No.	Value	1 ARM STRADDLE SUPPORT	
A 225	0.5	 The body is supported by one arm with only the hand in contact with the floor. Hips are flexed and legs straddled (minimum width 90°) and parallel to the floor. Hold for 2 seconds. The placement of the free arm is optional. 	
No.	Value	1 ARM 1/1 TURN STRADDLE SUPPORT	
A 228	0.8	 1. 1 arm Straddle support. 2. The body turns 360°. 3. Hold for 2 seconds, at the start, during or end of the turn. 4. The turn is performed with only one arm support on the spot. 	
No.	Value	STRADDLE / L SUPPORT	
A 233	0.3	 Straddle Support. Changing the hand and leg (Straddle – L – Straddle). Back to Straddle Support 	
No.	Value	STRADDLE / L SUPPORT 1/1 TURN	
A 235	0.5	 Straddle Support. The body turns 360°, changing the hand and leg (Straddle – L – Straddle) after every ½ turn. Straddle Support 	
No.	Value	STRADDLE / L SUPPORT 2/1 TURNS	
A 237	0.7	 Straddle Support. The body turns 720°, changing the hand and leg (Straddle – L – Straddle) after every ½ turn. Straddle Support 	

Family 2	Static Strength

1 GITIII	, —	Otatic Ottorigin	Dase Name. V SUPPORT		
No.	Value	V-SUPPORT			
A 245	0.5	 The body is supported by both arms with only the hands in contact with the floor. Both hands are placed at the side of the body close to the hips. Hips are flexed and legs together are lifted to the vertical, close to the chest (V-Support). Hold for 2 seconds. 			
No.	Value	V-SUPPORT 1/1 TURN			
A 247	0.7	 V-support. The body turns 360°. Hold for 2 seconds, at the start, during or end of the turn. Changing hands on the floor up to 4 times. V-support. 		o=>)	
No.	Value	V-SUPPORT 2/1 TURNS			
A 249	0.9	 V-support. The body turns 720°. Changing hands on the floor V-support. 	up to 8 times.		<u>×=>)</u>

		o. v support	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	
No.	Value	HIGH V-SUPPORT		
A 258	0.8	 The body is supported by both arms with only the hands in contact with the floor. The placement of the hands: Both hands are placed at the side of the body close to the hips. Hips are flexed and legs are lifted off the floor until the back is parallel to the floor with thighs close to the chest (Pike). Hold for 2 seconds. 		72)

No.	Value	HIGH V-SUPPORT 1/1 TURN		
A 260	1.0	 High V-support. The body turns 360°. Changing hands on the floor up to 4 times. Hold for 2 seconds, at the start, during or end of the turn. High V-support. 	1 2 3 4 5	(7/0

Family 2 Static Strength

Base Name: **PLANCHE**

Rase Name: V SIIPPORT

No.	Value	STRADDLE PLANCHE	
A 266	0.6	 A support in which the body is supported on both hands with straight arms. Hands may be turned out at the wrist or pointing towards the feet. Legs are in straddle. Hold for 2 seconds. The body line must not exceed 20° above parallel. 	>

No.	Value	STRADDLE PLANCHE TO LIFTED WENSON		
A 268	0.8	 Straddle Planche. Hold for 2 seconds. Bend the arms, kicking one leg laterally forwards Lifted Wenson. 		>-fw
No.	Value	STRADDLE PLANCHE TO LIFTED WENSON AND BACK		
A 270	1.0	 Straddle Planche. Hold for 2 seconds. Bend the arms, kicking one leg laterally forwards to the Lifted Wenson. Return to Straddle Planche, Hold for 2 seconds. 		>-fur-f
No.	Value	PLANCHE		
A 278	0.8	 Planche, legs together. Hands may be turned out at the wrist or pointing towards the feet, the body line must not exceed 20° above parallel. Hold for 2 seconds. 		H
No.	Value	PLANCHE TO LIFTED WENSON		
A 280	1.0	 Planche. Hold for 2 seconds. Bend the arms, kicking one leg laterally forwards to a Lifted Wenson, the body maintaining alignment. 	1 2	-fw

Family 3 Leg Circle Base Name: FLAIR

No.	Value	FLAIR			
A 305	0.5	 Straddle Front support. Legs apart to initiate the swing. From a free front support on both hands, legs circle straddle around the body. Front Support. 			
No.	No. Value FLAIR 1/1 TURN				
A 307	0.7	 Straddle Front support. Legs apart to initiate the swing. From a free front support on both hands, legs circle straddle around the body. While performing Flair, turning 360° Front Support. 			
No.	No. Value FLAIR 1/1 TWIST AIRBORNE TO PU				
A 308	0.8	1. Straddle Front Support. 2. Perform Flair. Before the end of the flair, 1/1 twist in airborne position 3. Front support.			

No.	Value FLAIR ½ TURN, 1/1 TWIST AIRBORNE TO PU			
A 309	0.9	 Straddle Front Support. Perform Flair. Before the end of the flair, ½ turn and 1/1 twist in airborne position Front support. 		X/e,
No.	Value	FLAIR ½ TURN, 1/1 TWIST AIRBORNE TO WENSON		
A 310	1.0	 Straddle Front Support. Perform Flair. Before the end of the flair, ½ turn and 1/1 twist in airborne position Land in Wenson. 		Hw
No.	Value	FLAIR TO SPLIT		
A 315	0.5	 Straddle Front support. Legs apart to initiate the swing From a free front support on both hands, legs circle straddle around the body. Sagittal Split. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	K <u>a</u>
No.	Value	FLAIR 1/1 TURN TO SPLIT		
A 317	0.7	 Straddle Front Support. Perform Flair. While performing Flair, turning 360⁰ Land in Split 	1 2 3 4 5	هيا
No.	Value	FLAIR + AIR FLAIR		
A 319	0.9	 From straddle front support. Perform a Flair. Perform air flair in vertical position. Front support. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	%
No.	Value	FLAIR TO WENSON		
A 326	0.6	 Straddle front support. Perform Flair. Wenson. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Xw
No.	Value	FLAIR 1/1 TURN TO WENSON		
A 328	0.8	 Straddle Front Support. Perform Flair. While performing Flair, turning 360°. Wenson. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	o Xw

No.	Value	FLAIR 1/1 SPINDLE TO WENSON		
A 329	0.9	 From straddle Front Support, on one arm to initiate the rotation Swing straddle legs up to back support on hands, ½ turn on one arm to arrive in back support, straddle legs, then ½ twist. Wenson. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	\$\$ \$\diam{\pi}{\pi}\$

Family 3 Leg Circle

Base Name: **HELICOPTER**

Ганну		2.001.0		
No.	Value	HELICOPTER		
A 334	0.4	 Straddle Sit. The leading leg crosses over the other leg to initiate the rotation, one arm on the floor at the beginning of the movement. As the leading leg circles over the body the hand is lifted and replaced by the upper back. Perform a 180° twist, both legs circle over the body while rotating. Push up, facing the same direction as the starting seated. 		
No.	Value	HELICOPTER 1/1 TURN TO PU		
A 336	0.6	 Straddle Sit. The leading leg crosses over the other leg to initiate the rotation, one arm on the floor at the beginning of the movement. Perform a 360° turn on back. Push up, facing the same direction as the starting seated. 		
No.	Value	HELICOPTER 1/1 TWIST AIRBORNE TO PU		
A 338	0.8	 Straddle Sit The leading leg crosses over the other leg to initiate the rotation. One arm is on the floor at the beginning of the movement. As the leading leg circles over the body the hand is lifted and push the whole body into the airborne phase. Perform a 360° twist airborne. Push up facing the same direction as the starting seated. 		
No.	Value	HELICOPTER, 1/1 TURN 1/1 TWIST AIRBORNE TO PU		
A 340	1.0	 Straddle Sit. While performing a Helicopter, body turns 360° on back. Push up into airborne phase with 360° twist, land in push up facing the same direction as the starting seated. 		
No.	Value	HELICOPTER TO SPLIT		
A 344	0.4	1. Straddle Sit. 2. Perform Helicopter. 3. Land in Sagittal Split.		

No.	Value	HELICOPTER 1/1 TURN TO SPLIT		
A 346	0.6	Straddle Sit. While performing a Helicopter, body turns 360° on back. Push up into airborne phase, land in split facing the same direction as the starting seated.	x O O = =	
No.	Value	HELICOPTER TO WENSON		
A 355	0.5	Straddle Sit. Perform a Helicopter. Land in Wenson.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Š <u>w</u>	
No.	Value	HELICOPTER TO LIFTED WENSON		
A 356	0.6	 Straddle Sit. Perform a Helicopter. Land in Lifted Wenson. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Šw	
No.	Value	HELICOPTER 1/1 TURN TO WENSON		
A 357	0.7	 Straddle Sit. While performing a Helicopter, body turns 360° on back. Push up, land in Wenson facing the same direction as the starting seated. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 <u>Sw</u>	
No.	Value	HELICOPTER 1/1 TURN TO LIFTED WENSON		
A 358	0.8	 Straddle Sit. While performing a Helicopter, body turns 360° on back. Push up, land in lifted Wenson facing the same direction as the starting seated. 	x0 6w	

GROUP B - AIRBORNE ELEMENTS

Family 4	Dynamic Jump

Base Name: AIR TURN

No.	Value	1/1 AIR TURN		
B 403	0.3	 A two-foot take off with the body vertical, fully extended. While airborne the body turns 360°. Position of arms is optional. Landing with feet together. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	<u>O</u>
No.	Value	2/1 AIR TURNS		
B 405	0.5	 A two-foot take off with the body vertical, fully extended. While airborne the body turns 720°.Position of arms is optional. Landing with feet together. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	×
No.	Value	3/1 AIR TURNS		
B 408	0.8	 A two-foot take off jump with the body vertical, fully extended. While airborne the body turns 1080°.Position of arms is optional. Landing with feet together. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	*

Family 4 Dynamic Jump

Base Name: FREE FALL

No.	Value	FREE FALL AIRBORNE		
B 414	0.4	 A two-foot take off. The athlete jumps upwards and forward, straight body, Landing in Push Up, hands and feet together. 	1 2 3 4 5	f1
No.	Value	FREE FALL 1/1 TWIST AIRBORNE		
B 416	0.6	 A two-foot take off. The athlete jumps to initiate the fall and at the same time a 360° twist. Hands and feet land together in Push up. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	7

No.	Value	FREE FALL 2/1 TWIST AIRBORNE		
B 418	0.8	 A two-foot take off. The athlete jumps to initiate the fall and at the same time a 720° twist. Hands and feet land together in Push up 	12345 6 7 8	7-
No.	Value	FREE FALL 3/1 TWIST AIRBORNE		

Family 4

Dynamic Jump

Base Name: **GAINER**

No.	Value	GAINER ½ TWIST
B 425	0.5	 From standing, one leg swings forward to lift the body upwards, parallel to the floor. Both legs come together while airborne (Gainer), a 180° twist is performed with a straight body. Hands and feet land together in Push up.
No.	Value	GAINER 1 ½ TWIST
B 427	0.7	 From standing, one leg swings forward to lift the body upwards, parallel to the floor. Both legs come together while airborne (Gainer), a 540° twist is performed with a straight body. Hands and feet land together in Push up.
No.	Value	GAINER 2 ½ TWIST
B 430	1.0	 From standing, one leg swings forward to lift the body upwards, parallel to the floor. Both legs come together while airborne (Gainer), a 900° twist is performed with a straight body. Hands and feet land together in Push up.

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Family 4

Dynamic Jump

Base Name:	BUT	TERI	FLY
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No.	Value	BUTTERFLY		
B 435	0.5	 With a 1/2 turn on the floor before one-foot take off. Kick the free leg straight and backward to lift the body upward with slight arch on the back. While airborne, legs flies open in straddle with body in horizontal position. Landing in one foot. 		<u>B</u>
No.	Value	BUTTERFLY 1/1 TWIST		
B 437	0.7	 With a 1/2 turn on the floor before one-foot take off Kick the free leg straight and to swing diagonally backward to lift the body upward with slight arch on the back. While airborne, legs flies open in straddle and body rotates to perform a full twist (360°) in horizontal position. Landing in one foot. 		€ <u>∄</u>
No.	Value	BUTTERFLY 2/1 TWIST		
В 439	0.9	 With a 1/2 turn on the floor before one-foot take off Kick the free leg straight and to swing diagonally backward to lift the body upward with slight arch on the back. While airborne, legs flies open in straddle and body rotates to perform a full twist (720°) in horizontal position. Landing in one foot. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	& <u>#</u>

Family $oldsymbol{4}$

Dynamic Jump

Base Name: **OFF AXIS**

Basic "Off Axis Jump" is a jump with two distinct rotations are performed ($\frac{1}{2}$ rotation-180° in the horizontal plane and $\frac{1}{2}$ twist-180° of the body along the longitudinal axis) simultaneously in a Tuck position.

No.	Value	OFF AXIS JUMP 1 ½ TWIST		
B 447	0.7	 A one-foot take off, kicking the free leg upward and diagonally While airborne, body horizontal to the floor in Tuck position, two distinct rotations are performed (½ rotation-180° in the horizontal plane and 1½ twist -540° along the longitudinal axis) simultaneously. During the skill, the body must not exceed 45° above horizontal. Landing in standing position facing the same direction as the start. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	V ake

No.	Value	OFF AXIS JUMP 2/1 TWIST		
B 448	0.8	 A one-foot take off, kicking the free leg upward and diagonally While airborne, body horizontal to the floor in Tuck position, two distinct rotations are performed (½ rotation-180° in the horizontal plane and 2/1 twist -720° along the longitudinal axis) simultaneously. During the skill, the body must not exceed 45° above horizontal. Landing in standing position facing the opposite direction from the start. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	N

No.	Value	OFF AXIS JUMP 1 ½ TWIST TO PU		
B 449	0.9	 A one-foot take off, kicking the free leg upward and diagonally While airborne, body horizontal to the floor in Tuck position, two distinct rotations are performed (½ rotation-180° in the horizontal plane and 1½ twist -540° along the longitudinal axis) simultaneously. During the skill, the body must not exceed 45° above horizontal. Landing in push up facing the same direction as the start. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Vod N
No.	Value	OFF AXIS JUMP 2/1 TWIST TO PU		
B 450	1.0	 A one-foot take off, kicking the free leg upward and diagonally While airborne, body horizontal to the floor in Tuck position, two distinct rotations are performed (½ rotation-180° in the horizontal plane and 2/1 twist -720° along the longitudinal axis) simultaneously. During the skill, the body must not exceed 45° above horizontal. Landing in push up facing the opposite direction from the start 		Nool Nool

Family 5 Form Jump Base Name: TUCK

Elements with turns: The rotations (turns) can be performed before, during or after the main phase of the element.

No.	Value	TUCK JUMP		
B 502	0.2	 A Vertical Jump. Legs are lifted, with knees bent close to the chest to show a Tuck. Landing feet together. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	И
No.	Value	4/4 TUDN TUOK WAD		
110.	value	1/1 TURN TUCK JUMP		

No.	Value	2/1 TURNS TUCK JUMP		
B 506	0.6	 A Vertical Jump with a 720° turn. While airborne, show a Tuck. Landing with feet together, facing the same direction as the start. 	12 34 5 6 7 8	<u>м</u> П
No.	Value	TUCK JUMP TO SPLIT		
B 513	0.3	 A Vertical Jump. While airborne, show a Tuck. Landing in Split. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	<u> </u>
No.	Value	1/2 TURN TUCK JUMP TO SPLIT		
B 514	0.4	 A Vertical Jump with a 180° turn. While airborne, show a Tuck. Landing in Split. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	<u> </u>
No.	Value	1/1 TURN TUCK JUMP TO SPLIT		
B 515	0.5	 A Vertical Jump with a 360° turn into Tuck. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split, facing the same direction as the start. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	O N =
No.	Value	1 ½ TURN TUCK JUMP TO SPLIT		
B 516	0.6	 A Vertical Jump with a 540° turn into Tuck. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split. 		<u> </u>
No.	Value	2/1 TURNS TUCK JUMP TO SPLIT		
B 517	0.7	 A Vertical Jump with a 720° turn into Tuck. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split, facing the same direction as the start. 	1 2 3 4 5 5 7 9 9	Ж И
No.	Value	TUCK JUMP TO PUSH UP		
B 524	0.4	 A vertical Tuck jump. The body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Push up. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	N

No.	Value	1/2 TURN TUCK JUMP TO PUSH UP		
B 525	0.5	 A vertical jump with 180° turns into Tuck. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Push up. 	1 2 3 4 5 9 7	7
No.	Value	1/2 TURN TUCK JUMP 1/2 TWIST TO PUSH UP		
B 526	0.6	 A Vertical Jump with a 180° turn into Tuck. The body twists 180° while airborne, inclines and prepares for landing Landing in Push up, facing the same direction as the start 	12 3 4 5 6 7	471
No.	Value	1/1TURN TUCK JUMP ½ TWIST TO PUSH UP		
No. B 527	Value 0.7	 A vertical jump with a 360° turn into Tuck. The body twists 180° while airborne, inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Push up facing the opposite direction from the start. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	0497
		 A vertical jump with a 360° turn into Tuck. The body twists 180° while airborne, inclines and prepares for landing. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	0497

Family 5 Form Jump

Base Name: COSSACK

Elements with turns: The rotations (turns) can be performed before, during or after the main phase of the element.

No.	Value	COSSACK JUMP		
B 533	0.3	 A Vertical Jump where the both legs are lift parallel to the floor or higher with one leg bent at knee (Cossack). The thighs of both legs are together and parallel to the floor. Landing with feet together. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	$\underline{\checkmark}$
No.	Value	1/1 TURN COSSACK JUMP		
B 535	0.5	 A Vertical Jump with a 360° turn. While airborne show a Cossack. Landing with feet together facing the same direction as the start. 	12 3 4 5 6 7	° <u>v</u>

No.	Value	2/1 TURNS COSSACK JUMP		
B 537	0.7	 A Vertical Jump with a 720° turn. While airborne show a Cossack. Landing with feet together facing the same direction as the start 	12 34 5 6 7	× W
No.	Value	COSSACK JUMP TO SPLIT		
B 544	0.4	 A vertical Cossack Jump. The body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split facing the same direction as the start 	1 2 3 4 5 0	<u> </u>
No.	Value	1/2 TURN COSSACK JUMP TO SPLIT		
B 545	0.5	 A Vertical Jump with a 180° turn into Cossack. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	<u> </u>
No.	Value	1/1 TURN COSSACK JUMP TO SPLIT		
B 546	0.6	 A Vertical Jump with a 360° turn into Cossack Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	0 <u>W</u> =
No.	Value	1 ½ TURN COSSACK JUMP TO SPLIT		
B 547	0.7	 A Vertical Jump with a 360° turn into Cossack. Then the body makes another 180° turn, inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split, facing the opposite direction from the start. 		<u> </u>
No.	Value	2/1 TURNS COSSACK JUMP SPLIT		
B 548	0.8	 A Vertical Jump with a 720° turn into Cossack. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split facing the same direction from the start. 	1234 5 6 7 8	× =
No.	Value	COSSACK JUMP TO PUSH UP		
B 555	0.5	 A Vertical Cossack Jump. The body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Push up facing the same direction as the start. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	<u>~</u>

No.	Value	COSSACK JUMP ½ TWIST TO PUSH UP		
B 556	0.6	 A Vertical Jump to Cossack position. Then the body inclines and twists 180° prepares for landing. Landing in Push up, facing the opposite direction from the start 	1 2 3 4 5 6	Wen
No.	Value	1/2 TURN COSSACK JUMP 1/2 TWIST TO PUSH UP		
B 557	0.7	 A Vertical Jump with a 180° turn into Cossack. While airborne, the body twists another 180°, inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Push up facing the same direction as the start. 		<u>w</u>
No.	Value	1/1 TURN COSSACK JUMP ½ TWIST TO PUSH UP		
B 558	0.8	 A Vertical Jump with a 360° turn into Cossack. While airborne, the body twists another 180°, inclines and prepares for landing Landing in Push up, facing the opposite direction from the start. 	1234 5 6 7 8	Wor.
No.	Value	1½ TURN COSSACK JUMP ½ TWIST TO PUSH UP		
B 559	0.9	 A Vertical Jump with a 540° turn into Cossack. While airborne, the body twists another 180°, inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Push up facing the same direction as the start. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Men

Family 5 Form Jump

Elements with turns: The rotations (turns) can be performed before, during or after the main phase of the element.

No.	Value	PIKE JUMP		
B 564	0.4	 A Vertical Jump with the body folding into a Pike, both legs lifted off the floor to horizontal. The legs are parallel to or higher than the floor, showing an angle of no more than 60° between the trunk and the legs, arms and hands extended towards the toes. Landing with feet together. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	<u>\</u>
No.	Value	1/1 TURN PIKE JUMP		
B 566	0.6	 A Vertical jump with a 360° turn. While airborne show a Pike. Landing with feet together facing the same direction as the start 		0 1

Base Name: PIKE

No.	Value	2/1 TURNS PIKE JUMP		
B 568	0.8	 A Vertical jump with a 720° turn. While airborne show a Pike. Landing with feet together facing the same direction as the start. 	12 34 5 6 7 8	×
No.	Value	PIKE JUMP TO SPLIT		
B 575	0.5	A Vertical Pike Jump. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split	1 2 3 1 5 0	<u> </u>
No.	Value	1/2 TURN PIKE JUMP TO SPLIT		
B 576	0.6	 Jump with a 180° turn into Pike. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	٧ <u>ــــ</u> =
No.	Value	1/1 TURN PIKE JUMP TO SPLIT		
B 577	0.7	 A Vertical Jump with a 360° turn into Pike. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split facing the same direction as the start 	1 2 3 4 5 6	0
No.	Value	1 ½ TURN PIKE JUMP TO SPLIT		
B 578	0.8	 A Vertical Jump with a 540° turn into Pike. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split facing the opposite direction from the start. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	® \
No.	Value	2/1 TURN PIKE JUMP TO SPLIT		
В 579	0.9	 A Vertical Jump with a 720° turn into Pike. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split facing the same direction as the start. 	123 4 5 6 7 8 9	×
No.	Value	PIKE JUMP TO PUSH UP		
B 586	0.6	A Vertical Pike Jump. The body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Push up.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	5,

No.	Value	PIKE JUMP ½ TWIST TO PUSH UP		
B 587	0.7	 A Pike Jump. While airborne, the body twists 180°, inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Push up. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	4
No.	Value	1/2 TURN PIKE JUMP 1/2 TWIST TO PUSH UP		
B 588	0.8	 A Vertical jump with a 180° turn into a Pike. While airborne, the body twists another 180°, inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Push up facing the same direction as the start. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	Ye,
No.	Value	1/1 TURN PIKE JUMP ½ TWIST TO PUSH UP		
B 589	0.9	 A Vertical Jump with a 360° turn into Pike. While airborne, the body twists another 180°, inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Push up facing the opposite direction from the start. 		
			1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	("
No.	Value	1 ½ TURN PIKE JUMP ½ TWIST TO PUSH UP	1234 5 6 7 8	

Family 5 Form Jump Base Name: STRADDLE / FRONTAL SPLIT

Elements with turns: The rotations (turns) can be performed before, during or after the main phase of the element.

No.	Value	1/1 TURN STRADDLE LEAP TO PUSH UP		
В 598	0.8	 A Leap from one foot with a 360° turn into Straddle. Keeping legs alignment with trunk and head, then show a straight body before landing. Landing in Push up. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	° <u>/</u> /,
No.	Value	1/1 TURN STRADDLE LEAP ½ TWIST TO PUSH UP		
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		

No.	Value	STRADDLE JUMP		
B 5104	0.4	 A Vertical Jump where the legs are lifted into an airborne Straddle (90° wide open) with arms. The angle between trunk and legs must not be more than 60°. The legs must be parallel or higher to the floor. Landing feet together. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	\triangle
No.	Value	1/1 TURN STRADDLE JUMP		
B 5106	0.6	 A Vertical Jump with a 360° turn. While airborne show a Straddle. Landing feet together, facing the same direction as the start. 	12 34 5 6 7	<u>^</u>
No.	Value	2/1 TURNS STRADDLE JUMP		
B 5108	0.8	 A Vertical Jump with a 720° turn. While airborne, show a Straddle. Landing feet together, facing the same direction as the start. 	12 34 5 6 7 8	<u></u>
No.	Value	STRADDLE JUMP TO SPLIT		
B 5115	0.5	 A Vertical Straddle Jump. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	=
No.	Value	1/2 TURN STRADDLE JUMP TO SPLIT		
B 5116	0.6	 A Vertical Jump with a 180° turn into Straddle. The body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split. 	1 2 3 4 5 5	∨ <u>^</u> =
No.	Value	1/1 TURN STRADDLE JUMP TO SPLIT		
B 5117	0.7	 A Vertical Jump with a 360° turn into Straddle. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split facing the same direction as the start. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	<u></u>
No.	Value	1 ½ TURN STRADDLE JUMP TO SPLIT		
B 5118	0.8	 A Vertical Jump with a 540° turn into Straddle. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split facing the opposite direction from the start. 	MIZ.	Ø

No.	Value	2/1 TURN STRADDLE JUMP TO SPLIT
B 5119	0.9	1. A Vertical Jump with a 720° turn into Straddle. 2. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. 3. Landing in Split facing the same direction as the start.
No.	Value	STRADDLE JUMP TO PUSH UP
B 5126	0.6	 A Vertical Straddle jump. The body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Push up.
No.	Value	1/2 TURN STRADDLE JUMP TO PUSH UP
B 5127	0.7	 A Vertical Jump with a 180° turn into Straddle. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Push up.
No.	Value	1/1 TURN STRADDLE JUMP TO PUSH UP
B 5128	0.8	 A Vertical Jump with a 360° turn into Straddle. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Push up facing the same direction as the start.
No.	Value	1 ½ TURN STRADDLE JUMP TO PUSH UP
B 5129	0.9	 A Vertical Jump with a 540° turn into Straddle. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Push up facing the opposite direction from the start.
No.	Value	2/1 TURN STRADDLE JUMP TO PUSH UP
B 5130	1.0	 A Vertical Jump with a 720° turn into Straddle. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Push up facing the same direction as the start.

Family 6 Split Leap / Jump

No.	Value	SWITCH SPLIT LEAP		
B 604	0.4	 A one-foot take off Leap. Leading leg must show minimum 45°above the floor before switch. While airborne, the legs switch to show a Split. Land on the foot of the leading leg. 		Z
No.	Value	SWITCH SPLIT LEAP TO SPLIT		
B 605	0.5	 A one-foot take off Switch Split Leap. While airborne, the legs switch to show a Split. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split. 	At the	Z = =
No.	Value	SWITCH SPLIT LEAP ½ TURN TO SPLIT		
В 606	0.6	 A one-foot take off Switch Split Leap. While airborne, the legs switch to show a Split. While airborne, the body turns 180°. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing Landing in Split, facing the opposite direction from the start. 		Z - 4 <u>:</u>
No.	Value	SWITCH SPLIT LEAP TO PUSH UP		
B 616	0.6	 A one-foot take off Switch Split Leap. While airborne, the legs switch to show a Split. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Push up. 	Although the same of the same	<u>Z</u> ,,
No.	Value	SWITCH SPLIT LEAP ½ TURN TO PUSH UP		
B 617	0.7	 A one-foot take off Switch Split Leap. While airborne, the legs switch to show a Split. While airborne, the body turns 180° Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Push up. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Z

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Base Name: **SWITCH SPLIT**

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Family 6

Split Leap / Jump

Base Name: SCISSORS LEAP

No.	Value	SCISSORS LEAP ½ TURN		
B 625	0.5	 A one-foot take off with one straight leg forward, turning 180°. Leading leg must show minimum 45°above the floor before switch. While airborne the legs switch in order to show a Split. Land on one or both feet. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	Z
No.	Value	SCISSORS LEAP 1/1 TURN		
B 626	0.6	 A one-foot take off with one straight leg forward, turning 180°. While airborne legs switch in order to show a Split with ½ turn (180°). Land on two feet in the same direction from the starting position. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	7
No.	Value	SCISSORS LEAP 1 ½ TURN		
В 627	0.7	 A one-foot take off Leap where the body simultaneously turns 180°. While airborne legs switch in order to show a Split. The body then turns 360°. Land on two feet. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	¥°
No.	Value	SCISSORS LEAP ½ TURN TO SPLIT		
В 636	0.6	 A one-foot take off Scissors Leap ½ turn. Then the body maintains the vertical position in order to prepare the landing. Landing in Split. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	<u> </u>
No.	Value	SCISSORS LEAP 1/1 TURN TO SPLIT		
В 637	0.7	 A one-foot take off Scissors Leap ½ turn. Then the body performs ½ turn in the vertical position. Landing in Split 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	٧ <u>٠</u>
No.	Value	SCISSORS LEAP 1 ½ TURN TO SPLIT		
В 638	0.8	 A one- foot take off Scissors Leap ½ turn. Then the body performs 1/1 turn in the vertical position. Landing in Split. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	<u> </u>
No.	Value	SCISSORS LEAP ½ TURN SWITCH TO SPLIT		
B 647	0.7	 A one- foot take off Scissors Leap ½ turn. While airborne, the legs switch to show a Split, the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	77.

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No.	Value	SCISSORS LEAP 1/1 TURN SWITCH TO SPLIT
B 648	0.8	 A one- foot take off Scissors Leap 1/1 turn. While airborne, the legs switch to show a Split. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split.
No.	Value	SCISSORS LEAP ½ TURN TO PUSH UP
B 657	0.7	1. A one foot take off Scissors Leap ½ turn. 2. Then the body prepares for landing. 3. Landing in Push up.
No.	Value	SCISSORS LEAP ½ TURN ½ TWIST TO PUSH UP
B 658	0.8	 A one-foot take off Scissors Leap 180° turn. While airborne, the body twists another 180°, and prepares for landing. Landing in Push up.
NI -	Value	COLORDO LEAD IVENUE AVETAVOT TO DUOLI UD
No.	Value	SCISSORS LEAP ½ TURN 1/1 TWIST TO PUSH UP

Elements with turns: The rotations (turns) can be performed before, during or after the main phase of the element.

No.	Value	SPLIT JUMP		
B 664	0.4	 A Vertical jump. While airborne, the legs are fully stretched and show a Split. Landing with feet together. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	 =
No.	Value	1/1 TURN SPLIT JUMP		
B 666	0.6	 A Vertical Jump with 360° turn. While airborne, the legs are fully stretched and show a Split. Landing with feet together facing the same direction from the start. 		<u>o</u> =

Base Name: **SAGITTAL SPLIT**

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Split Leap / Jump

Family 6

No.	Value	2/1 TURNS SPLIT JUMP		
B 668	0.8	 A Vertical Jump with 720° turn. While airborne, the legs are fully stretched and show a Split. Landing with feet together facing the same direction from the start. 		<u> </u>
No.	Value	SPLIT JUMP TO SPLIT		
B 675	0.5	 A Vertical Split Jump. The body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	= =
No.	Value	1/2 TURN SPLIT JUMP TO SPLIT		
B 676	0.6	 A Vertical Split Jump with 180° turn. The body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Split. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	ا ا ا ا
No.	Value	1/1 TURN SPLIT JUMP TO SPLIT		
B 677	0.7	A Vertical Split Jump. While airborne the body makes a 360° turn, the body inclines and prepares for landing Landing in Split facing the same direction from the start.	1 2 3 4 5 6	0 = =
No.	Value	1 ½ TURN SPLIT JUMP TO SPLIT		
B 678	0.8	 A Vertical Split Jump. While airborne, the body makes a 540° turn, the body inclines and prepares for landing Landing in Split facing the opposite direction from the start. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	0 a e =
No.	Value	2/1 TURN SPLIT JUMP TO SPLIT		
В 679	0.9	 A Vertical Split Jump. While airborne, the body makes a 720° turn, the body inclines and prepares for landing Landing in Split facing the same direction from the start. 	1234 5 6 7 8 9	× =
No.	Value	SPLIT JUMP SWITCH TO SPLIT		
B 686	0.6	 A Vertical Split Jump. While airborne the legs switch, the body inclines and prepares for landing Landing in Split. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	

No.	Value	1/2 TURN SPLIT JUMP SWITCH TO SPLIT		
B 687	0.7	 A Vertical jump with a 180°turn into a Split. While airborne the legs switch, the body inclines and prepares for landing Landing in Split facing the opposite direction from the start. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	
No.	Value	1/1 TURN SPLIT JUMP SWITCH TO SPLIT		
B 688	0.8	 A Vertical jump with a 360°turn into a Split. While airborne the legs switch, the body inclines and prepares for landing Landing in Split facing the same direction from the start. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	0 1
No.	Value	1 ½ TURN SPLIT JUMP SWITCH TO SPLIT		
B 689	0.9	 A Vertical jump with a 360°turn into a Split. While airborne, the legs switch with a rotation of the body of 180°, then the body inclines and prepares for landing Landing in Split facing the opposite direction from the start. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	<u>ø</u> 1 <u>=</u>
No.	Value	2/1 TURN SPLIT JUMP SWITCH TO SPLIT		
B 690	1.0	A Vertical jump with a 720°turn into a Split. While airborne the legs switch, the body inclines and prepares for landing Landing in Split facing the same direction from the start.	2	×
No.	Value	SPLIT JUMP TO PUSH UP		
В 696	0.6	 A Vertical Split Jump. The body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Push Up 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	
No.	Value	1/2 TURN SPLIT JUMP TO PUSH UP		
В 697	0.7	 A Vertical Split Jump with 180° turn. The body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Push Up facing the opposite direction from the start. 		
No.	Value	1/1 TURN SPLIT JUMP TO PUSH UP		
В 698	0.8	 A Vertical Split Jump with a 360° turn. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Push up facing the same direction from the start. 	12 3 4 5 6 7	0 1

No.	Value	1 ½ TURN SPLIT JUMP TO PUSH UP		
В 699	0.9	 A Vertical Split Jump with a 540° turn. Then the body inclines and prepares for landing. Landing in Push up facing the opposite direction from the start. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Ø

GROUP C - STANDING ELEMENTS

Family 7 Turn Base Name: TURN

No.	Value	1/1 TURN		
C 702	0.2	 Standing on one leg. A full turn (360°) is performed. Optional placement of the free leg and arms. Ending in standing with feet together. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	02
No.	Value	2/1 TURNS		
C 704	0.4	 Standing on one leg. Double turn (720°) is performed. Optional placement of the free leg and arms. Ending in standing with feet together. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	×
No.	Value	3/1 TURNS		
C 706	0.6	 Standing on one leg. Triple turn (1080°) is performed. Optional placement of the free leg and arms. Ending in standing with feet together. 		*

7 Turn Base Name: HORIZONTAL TURN

No.	Value	1/1 TURN WITH LEG AT HORIZONTAL		
C 715	0.5	 Standing on one leg, free leg must be straight. A full turn (360°) with a heel of the free leg forward at horizontal throughout the turn. Optional placement of the arms. Ending in standing with feet together. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	bγ

No.	Value	2/1 TURNS WITH LEG AT HORIZONTAL		
C 717	0.7	 Standing on one leg, free leg must be straight. 2/1 turns (720°) with a heel of the free leg forward at horizontal throughout the turn. Optional placement of the arms. Ending in standing with feet together. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	₩

No.	Value	3/1 TURNSWITH LEG AT HORIZONTAL		
C 719	0.9	 Standing on one leg, free leg must be straight. 3/1 turns (1080°) with a heel of the free leg forward at horizontal throughout the turn. Optional placement of the arms. Ending in standing with feet together. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	*

Family 8 Flexibility

Base Name: **VERTICAL SPLIT**

No.	Value	VERTICAL SPLIT		
C 801	0.1	 While one leg supports the body, the other leg is lifted 180° to a Vertical Split. The hands touch the floor besides the supporting foot. Head, trunk and leg are all alignment. Ending in standing with feet together. 		d
No.	Value	FREE VERTICAL SPLIT		
C 803	0.3	 While one leg supports the body, the other leg is lifted 180° to a Vertical Split. Hands do not touch the floor with the placement of the hands being optional. Head, trunk and leg are all alignment. Ending in standing with feet together. 		fa
No.	Value	FREE VERTICAL SPLIT WITH 1/1 TURN		
C 805	0.5	 Standing on one leg. A Free Vertical Split is performed Full turn (360°) is performed. Ending in standing with feet together. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	
No.	Value	FREE VERTICAL SPLIT WITH 2/1 TURN		
		Standing on one leg. A Free Vertical Split is performed		X

Family 8 Flexibility

Base Name: BALANCE

No.	Value	BALANCE 1/1 TURN		
C 815	0.5	 A Balance turn where one leg is lifted to either in sagittal or frontal balance and is supported by hand(s). A complete turn (360°) must be performed. Ending in standing with feet together. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	3 لم
No.	Value	BALANCE 2/1 TURNS		
C 817	0.7	 A Balance turn where one leg is lifted in either in sagittal or frontal balance and is supported by hand(s). Two full turns (720°) must be performed. Ending in standing with feet together. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	*
No.	Value	BALANCE 3/1 TURNS		
C 819	0.9	 A Balance turn where one leg is lifted in either in sagittal or frontal balance and is supported by hand(s). Three full turns (1080°) must be performed. Ending in standing with feet together. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	*

Family 8 Flexibility

Base Name: **ILLUSION**

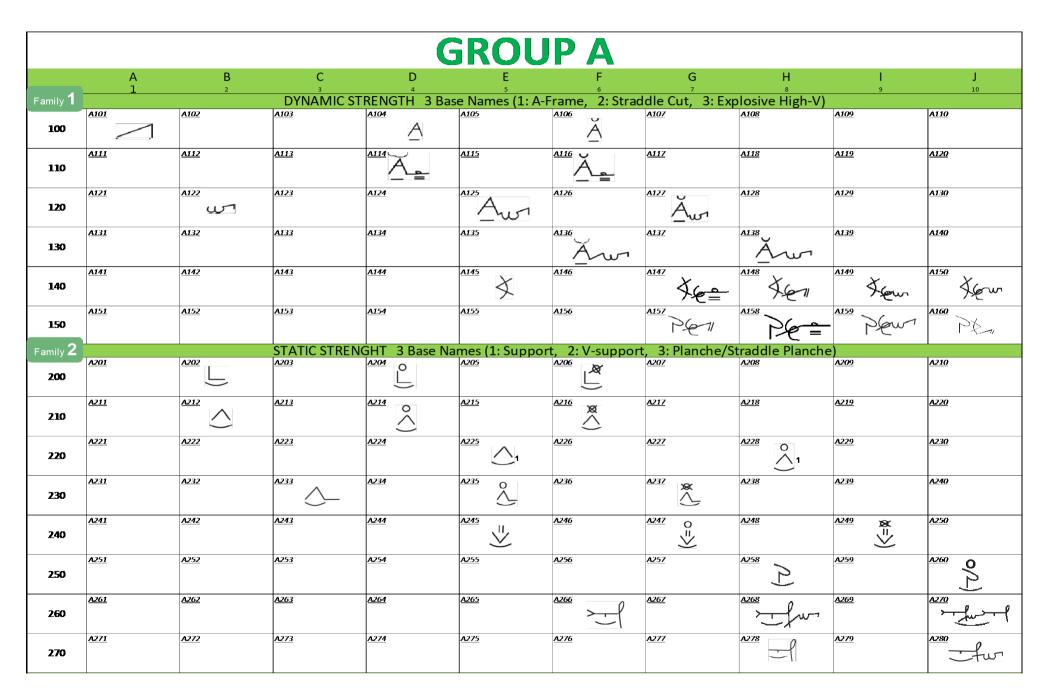
No.	Value	ILLUSION		
C 824	0.4	 From standing, step forward and free leg is lifted upward to initiate a 360° vertical rows. Simultaneously the body rotates and turns 360° on the supporting leg. Hand(s) touches the floor, beside the supporting foot. The lifted leg comes down to starting. Standing with feet together. 		J
No.	Value	DOUBLE ILLUSION		
C 826	0.6	 From standing, step forward and free leg is lifted upward to initiate vertical rotations. Perform two Illusions (720°) in a row. Standing with feet together. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	_^2

No.	Value	TRIPLE ILLUSION
C 828	0.8	 From standing, step forward and free leg is lifted upward to initiate vertical rotations. Perform three Illusions (1080°) in a row. Standing with feet together.
No.	Value	FREE ILLUSION
C 835	0.5	 From standing, step forward and free leg is lifted upward to initiate a 360° vertical rotation. Simultaneously the body rotates and turns 360° on the supporting leg. Hand(s) do not touch the floor and the lifted leg comes down to the starting. Standing with feet together.
No.	Value	FREE DOUBLE ILLUSION
C 837	0.7	 From standing, step forward and free leg is lifted upward to initiate vertical rotations. Perform two Free Illusions (720°) in a row without hand(s) not touching the
		floor. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
No.	Value	

APPENDIX 5

DIFFICULTY CHART





amily 3				LEG C	IRCLE 2 Base Na	imes (1: Flair, 2	2: Helicopter)			
300	<u>A301</u>	<u>A302</u>	<u>A303</u>	<u>A304</u>	A305	A306	A307	A308 X/C,	A309 XK,	A310 ************************************
310	A311	A312	A313	<u>A314</u>	A315	A316	A317	A318	A319 Q	A320
320	A321	<u>A322</u>	A323	A324	A325	A326	<u>A327</u>	A328	A329	A330
330	<u>A331</u>	A332	<u>A333</u>	<u>A334</u> <u>Ě</u>	<u>A335</u>	A336 <u>*</u> 0	<u>A337</u>	<u> Š</u> ę	<u>A339</u>	A340 × 0 66
340	<u>A341</u>	<u>A342</u>	<u>A343</u>	A344 ×	A345	A346 × O	<u>A347</u>	A348	<u>A349</u>	<u>A350</u>
350	A351	A352	A353	<u>A354</u>	<u>A355</u>	A356 Ew	A357 XO	A358 ×0	A359	A360
7	A 1	B 2	С 3	D 4	GRO	JP C	G	H 8	 9	J 10
nily 7	<u>C701</u>			THOM						10
700	CAVI	C702	C703	TURN	2 Base Names (1: Turn, 2: Hor	izontal Turn) c707	C708	C709	C710
	<u>C711</u>		C703	C704		<u>C706</u>		C708	C709	_
700 710 mily 8	<u>C711</u>	C712	c713 FLEXIBIL	C714 ITY 3 Base Nar	C705 C715 C715 mes (1: Vertical S	C706 C716 Split, 2: Balance	C707 C717 3: Illusion) A	C718 Iot allowed for IM	<u>C719</u>	C710
710 nily 8		\sim	(713	C714	C705	C716	C7117 S	C718	<u>C719</u>	C710
710 mily 8	<u>C711</u>	C712	C713 FLEXIBIL	C714 ITY 3 Base Nar	C705 C715 mes (1: Vertical S	C706 C716 Split, 2: Balance	7.3: Illusion) A	C718 Iot allowed for IM	C719	C710
	C711	C302	FLEXIBIL	C714 C714 ITY 3 Base Nar C804	C715 mes (1: Vertical S	C706 C716 Split, 2: Balance,	. 3: Illusion) A	Iot allowed for IM	C809 C819	C710 C720 C810

				(GRO	JP B				
	A 1	B 2	С 3	D 4	E 5	F 6	G 7	H 8	 9	J 10
			MICJUMP 5 Bas				4: Butterfly,		ipulsory for IM	n et o
400	<u>18401</u>	<u>B402</u>	<u>S403</u>	<u>B404</u>	<u>B405</u>	<u>8406</u>	<u>B407</u>	8408	<u>B409</u>	<u>B410</u>
410	<u>B411</u>	<u>B412</u>	<u>B413</u>	B414	<u>B415</u>	B416 €	<u>B417</u>	B418 E	<u>B419</u>	B420
420	<u>B421</u>	<u>B422</u>	<u>B423</u>	<u>B424</u>	<u>B425</u>	<u>B426</u>	<u>B42</u> 7	<u>B428</u>	<u>B429</u>	B430
430	<u>B431</u>	<u>B432</u>	<u>B433</u>	<u>B434</u>	<u>B435</u>	<u>B436</u>	<u>B437</u> € B	<u>B438</u>	<u>8439</u>	<u>B440</u>
440	<u>B441</u>	<u>B442</u>	<u>B443</u>	<u>B444</u>	<u>B445</u>	<u>B446</u>	B447 N	8448 N	8449 N	8450 N
	5		FORM JU	MP 4 Base Nar	mes (1: Tuck, 2	: Cossack, 3: Pil	ke, 4: Straddle	e/Frontal Split)		, ,
500	<u>8501</u>	<u>B502</u> <u>N</u>	<u>B503</u>	8504 O	<u>B505</u>	<u>B506</u> 💢	<u>B507</u>	<u>B508</u>	<u>8509</u>	<u>B510</u>
510	<u>B511</u>	<u>B512</u>	<u>B513</u> <u>V</u>	B514 V	B515 Y	8516 Ø	B517 181 V	<u>B518</u>	<u>B519</u>	<u>B520</u>
520	<u>8521</u>	<u>B522</u>	B523	B524 /	B525	B526	<u>B527</u> O	B528 Ø	<u>B529</u>	B530
530	<u>B531</u>	B532	B533	<u>8534</u>	B535 O	B536	B537 ×	B538	<u>B539</u>	B540
540	<u>B541</u>	<u>B542</u>	<i>B</i> 543	B544 	B545 WL=_	8546 O	B547 — — — —	8548 X	B549	B550
550	<u>B551</u>	<u>B552</u>	<u>8553</u>	<u>B554</u>	<u>B5555</u>	B556	<u>B557</u>	B558 W	8559 Wen	B560
560	<u>B561</u>	<u>B562</u>	<u>B563</u>	<u>B564</u>	<u>B565</u>	B566 O	<u>B567</u>	B568 Ø	<u>B569</u>	<u>B570</u>
570	<u>B571</u>	<u>B572</u>	<u>B573</u>	<u>B574</u>	B575	B576	<u>B577</u> O	B578 Ø	<u>B579</u>	<u>B580</u>

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580	<u>B581</u>	<u>B582</u>	<u>B583</u>	<u>B584</u>	<u>B585</u>	8586	B587	8588	B589 -	B590 8
590	<u>8591</u>	<u>B592</u>	<u>B593</u>	<u>8594</u>	<u>B595</u>	<u>B596</u>	<u>B597</u>	B598 9	8599	<u>B600</u>
5100	<u>B5101</u>	<u>B5102</u>	<u>B5103</u>	<u>B5104</u>	<u>B5105</u>	B5106	<u>B5107</u>	B5108 MA	<u>85109</u>	<u>B5110</u>
5110	<u>B5111</u>	<u>B5112</u>	<u>B5113</u>	<u>B5114</u>	B5115	B5116 U	B5117 O	<u>B5118</u> Ø	B5119 ×	<u>B5120</u>
5120	<u>85121</u>	<u>85122</u>	<u>B5123</u>	<u>B5124</u>	<u>B5125</u>	B5126	B5127	B5128 O	B5129 Ø	85130
Family	3		SPLIT LEAP	JUMP 3 Base	Names (1: Swi	tch Split, 2: Sc	issors Leap, 3:	Sagittal Split)		
600	<u>18601</u>	<u>8602</u>	<u>B603</u>	<u>B604</u>	8605	8606	<u>B607</u>	<u>8608</u>	<u>8609</u>	<u>B610</u>
610	<u>B611</u>	<u>B612</u>	<u>B613</u>	B614	<u>B615</u>	<u></u>	B617	<u>B618</u>	<u>B619</u>	<u>B620</u>
620	<u>B621</u>	<u>B622</u>	<u>B623</u>	B624	B625	<u>B626</u>	B627 O	<u>B628</u>	<u>8629</u>	<u>B630</u>
630	<u>B631</u>	<u>B632</u>	<u>B633</u>	B634	<u>B635</u>	B636	B637	<u>B638</u>	<u>B639</u>	<u>B640</u>
640	<u>B641</u>	<u>B642</u>	<u>B643</u>	B644	B645	<u>B646</u>	B647	8648	B649	<u>8650</u>
650	<u>B651</u>	<u>B652</u>	<u>B653</u>	<u>B654</u>	<u>B655</u>	<u>B656</u>	B657 Y	B658	<u>B659</u>	<u>B660</u>
660	<u>B661</u>	<u>B662</u>	<u>B663</u>	<u>B664</u>	<u>B665</u>	<u>B666</u> O	<u>B667</u>	<u>B668</u> X	<u>B669</u>	<u>B670</u>
670	<u>B671</u>	<u>B672</u>	<u>B673</u>	<u>B674</u>	<u>B675</u>	B676	<u>B677</u> ○	<u>B678</u> ∅	<u>8679</u> ×	<u>B680</u>
680	<u>B681</u>	<u>B682</u>	<u>B683</u>	<u>B684</u>	<u>B685</u>	B686	B687 U	B688 O	B689 Ø	<u>8690</u> ⊗
690	<u>B691</u>	<u>B692</u>	<u>B693</u>	<u>B694</u>	<u>B695</u>	B696	B697 U	B698 O	<u>B699</u> Ø	<u>B700</u>

APPENDIX 6

GLOSSARY

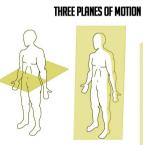


			Glossary for FIG Aerobic Gymnastics			
	Terms / Abbreviation		Definition / Description			
	Acrobatic Element		General term of tumbling movements as in Acrobatic Gymnastics. For Aerobic Gymnastics, see the list.			
	Acrobatic Element		The Acrobatic Elements have 3 phases (entry – main – exit). If a variation includes 2 phases (entry + main, OR main			
Α	(Variation)		+ exit) of the listed Acrobatic Elements, then it will be considered as a variation of the Acrobatic Element.			
	Aerobic Competition		Dr. Kenneth H. Cooper (USA) who pioneered the benefits of doing aerobic exercise for maintaining and improving health. Based on his exercise prescription theory of "Aerobic Exercise", it was developed into Aerobic Dance and then became a form of the new sport as Aerobic Gymnastics.			
	Aerobic Movement	AMP	Combinations of basic aerobic steps together with arm movements: all performed to music, to create dynamic, rhythmic and			
	Pattern		continuous sequences of high and low impact movements.			
	Aerobic Movement	AMP	A complete 8-count of movements performed with aerobic movement patterns. 8-counts = Set			
	Pattern Sequence	Sequence				
	Age Group	AG	Must be 12-14 years old in the year of the competition.			
	Airborne		Body in the air. When a person has no contact with the floor or the partner.			
	Alignment		Arrangement of the bone of which a joint is composed. In the competition, maintain a body (each part) in a correct position by placing neutral. Also called Body Alignment.			
	Amplitude		Explosive movements with height.			
	Back Ground Music	BGM	Music that plays in the back of the scene and is not the main character on the spot but plays for the production.			
В	Beat Per Minute	BPM	A unit that indicates the tempo of music and the number of beats in 1-minute. Larger the numbers of beats are, the faster the tempo of the music.			
	Beep / Cue sound		Intentionally added sound effect at the beginning of the music in order to know when the music starts.			
	Bounce / Rebound		Movements that moves up and down (utilizing floor reaction force), continuously and in coordination with the whole body.			
	Canon		MP / TR / GR / AD / AS: Competitors are performing a movement in a time lag (one after another).			
С	Choreography		Mapping out the body's sequence of movements, over space and time as well as in relation to other performance partners. Also the balancing of the aerobic gymnastics elements of difficulty with artistic components in order to create a continuous flow, a cohesive whole and to demonstrate the unique abilities, personality and style of the gymnast(s) within the performance.			
	Circle		Rotation or turn of 360°.			
	Code of Point	COP / CoP	International rule or regulation made by FIG. Updated at the beginning of every Olympic cycle			
	Collaboration		The process of two or more people working together with partner's help or power to be supported, dragged or off the floor to produce movements/action.			
	Composition		The movement vocabulary, including elements of difficulty, and the structuring of aerobic routines.			
	Compulsory Elements		Must include compulsory difficulty elements in the routine for Age Group and National Development division.			
	Cossack		Form of a body in the airborne showing a pike shape with thighs together parallel to the floor with one leg straight and one leg bent. Angle between the trunk and legs: maximum of 60°. Angle at the bent knee joint may not be more than 60°.			
	Cut		While airborne, the legs straddle sideways and cut forward to land extended in rear support, feet lifted off the floor during the skill.			
D	Difficulty Element		Elements with values.			
	Dynamic Strength		Isotonic muscle power. Power with movements.			

	Terms / Abbreviation		Definition / Description				
	Element		There are "Difficulty Element" and "Acrobatic Element". Originated from Gymnastics elements.				
Е	En dedans		Turning towards the same direction as the supporting leg. If supported with right leg, turn towards right.				
	Endurance		The ability to maintain the intensity throughout the routine.				
	Fall		To drop or come down to the floor rapidly with total loss of control.				
F	Family		The block of elements with similar techniques and skills of difficulty elements.				
	Flexibility		Range of motion with dynamic or static moves.				
	Floor Element		Elements performed or landing to the lowest level (floor).				
	Formation		A shape or form created by competitors with traveling or positioning.				
	Frontal		One of the planes of the body. Dividing the body into front and back. Example: "Frontal split"—split position with legs opened to				
			right and left.				
	Fédération	FIG	"International Gymnastics Federation" in English.				
	Internationale De						
	Gymnastique						
G	Group		Difficulty elements are divided into 3 different blocks of skills according to the physical ability.				
	High Impact	HI	Movements with both feet off the floor for a moment. Eg: jog, skip, jog, jack, etc.				
Н	Hop / Hopping		Move by jumping a short distance with foot / feet.				
	Horizontal		Parallel to the floor.				
	Jump		Push oneself off a surface into the air by using the muscles in one's legs and feet. Vertical jump with takeoff and landing in the				
J			same place.				
	Junior	JR	Junior division. Must be 15-17 years old in the year of the competition.				
_	Lateral		Movements toward side to side.				
L	Leap		One of jumps. After take-off, there is a forward trajectory and to landing.				
	Level		3 levels in the space. Airborne, Standing and Surface / Floor.				
	Link		Connecting movements without changing the level.				
	Low Impact	LI	Movements with one foot in contact with the floor. Eg: march, step touch, v-step, box step, etc.				
M	Minimum Requirement		Requirements for performing difficulty elements to be recognized as an element. If the requirements are not met, the element will				
			not receive a value.				
_	Partnership		An association of two or more people with or without contact/physical interaction (hold/shake hands, casual touch, hug, eye				
Р			contact, etc.)				
	Phrase		A group of notes forming a distinct unit within music.				
	Physical Interaction		Falls under the "Partnership"; a communication or direct involvement with partner(s) performed connecting with each other by				
	Dille		physical contact.				
	Pike		A form in the air with legs together and straight parallel to the floor while upper body tuck forward. The angle between the trunk				
	Dower		and legs is maximum of 60°.				
	Procentation		Explosive strength for a short period of time (plyometric elements).				
	Presentation		The manner or style in which a routine is performed with self-expressions and self-appeal.				
	Propelling		When a partner throws a person or a partner is used to spring off into an airborne position.				

	Terms / Abbreviation		Definition / Description			
s	Sagittal		One of the planes of the body. Dividing the body into right and left. Example: "Sagittal split"—split position with legs in front and back of the body.			
	Senior	SR	Senior division. Must be 18 year sold in the year of the competition.			
	Slide		Move along a surface while maintaining continuous contact with surface.			
	Split		Legs are fully stretched front and back in sagittal split (180°) with upright upper body.			
	Static Strength		Isometric muscle power / contraction. Power with no movements as in Support family.			
	Straddle		Open legs (minimum 90° angle) to the side of a body parallel to the floor with body in pike position (trunk and legs maximum of 60°).			
	Support		Bear all or part of the weight. By using isometric muscle contraction, hold the body weight with arm(s) on the floor. In difficulty			
			elements, the weight must be held minimum of 2-second.			
	Surface / Floor		Lowest level. Movements with other parts of the body than feet are in contact with the floor.			
	Swing		To move back and forth or from side to side while on an axis.			
	Switch		Movement action of changing the legs.			
	Synchronization	Synchro	The ability to execute all movements as a unit, with identical range of motion, start and finish at the same time and be of the same quality.			
Т	Technical Skill	Skill	The ability to demonstrate movements with perfect technique by using the maximum physical capacity (dynamic/static flexibility, muscular strength, amplitude, power, muscular endurance) in precision with correct form, posture and alignment.			
	Transition		Connecting movements to and from different level within a space (Floor, Standing, Airborne).			
	Tuck		Both legs are lifted close to the chest with knees bent.			
	Turn		Any rotation performed wither in contact with the floor or vertical line in airborne.			
	Twist		Any rotation performed out of the vertical line.			
٧	Vertical		At right angles (90°) to a horizontal plane.			
*	7-Basic Steps		March, Jog, Skip, Knee Lift, Kick, Jack, Lunge.			

Anatomical Body Planes





Skin Color Attire





Overlapping (in column)









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